# **For Information**

# Consolidated Financial Statements of Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2018

Date: June 12, 2019To: Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. Meeting of the ShareholdersFrom: Treasurer of TCTI

## Summary

The Toronto Coach Terminal Inc.'s (TCTI) consolidated financial statements present TCTI's 2018 financial results and financial position as of December 31, 2018.

## **Financial Summary**

There are no financial implications resulting from the receipt of this report.

# **Equity/Accessibility Matters**

This report has no accessibility/equity issues or impact.

## **Decision History**

TCTI's Audit Committee and Board reviewed and approved the consolidated financial statements on June 12, 2019.

## Contact

Stephen Conforti, Treasurer of TCTI Tel: (416) 393-3654 Email: Stephen.Conforti@ttc.ca Stephen Conforti Treasurer of TCTI

# **Attachments**

Attachment 1 - Consolidated Financial Statements of Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2018

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# **Attachments**

Attachment 1 - Consolidated Financial Statements of Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2018

Attachment 1

(Unaudited) Consolidated Financial Statements of

# TORONTO COACH TERMINAL INC.

Year ended December 31, 2018

(incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario)

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

As at December 31

	Dec 31	Dec 31
	2018	2017
	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 8)	3,460	3,432
Accounts receivable	41	7
Indemnity receivable from the TTC (note 10)	131,759	141,416
Total Financial Assets	135,260	144,855
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	295	269
Insurance liabilities (note 11)	131,759	141,416
Loan payable to TTC (note 4)	5,507	6,571
Total Liabilities	137,561	148,256
NET DEBT	(2,301)	(3,401)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (note 3)	1,613	2,171
	1,613	2,171
Less: Capital stock (note 9)	1,000	1,000
Accumulated Deficit	(1,688)	(2,230)
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements		

On behalf of the Board:

\_\_\_\_\_Director

\_\_\_\_\_ Director

(incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario)

# Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit

(Unaudited)

Years ended December 31

	2018	2018	2017
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	(Note 5)		
REVENUE			
Lease revenue	1,322	1,323	1,261
	_ /		
Miscellaneous	71	77	49
Tatal movement	4 202	1 400	4.040
Total revenue	1,393	1,400	1,310
EXPENSES			
Terminal and building management (note 6b)	771	797	787
reminal and building management (note ob)		101	101
Insurance company management	56	61	38
		•	
Total expenses	827	858	825
Annual Surplus	566	542	485
Accumulated Deficit, Beginning of year	(2,230)	(2,230)	(2,715)
	(4.004)	(4.000)	
Accumulated Deficit, End of year	(1,664)	(1,688)	(2,230)
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements			

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

(incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario)

# Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Debt (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31

	2018	2018	2017
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	(Note 5)		
Annual surplus	566	542	485
Amortization of tangible capital assets	557	558	558
Change due to tangible capital assets	557	558	558
Decrease in net debt	1,123	1,100	1,043
Net debt - Beginning of year	(3,401)	(3,401)	(4,444)
Net debt - End of year	(2,278)	(2,301)	(3,401)
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements			

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

(incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario)

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31

	2018	2017
	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	542	485
Add non-cash expenses		
Depreciation	558	558
Interest expense	236	224
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	9,623	33,27
(Decrease)/increase in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and insurance liabilities	(9,631)	(33,133)
Cash provided by operating activities	1,328	1,412
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Loan repayment to parent	(1,300)	(1,400
Loan repayment to parent Cash used in financing activities	(1,300)	(1,400
		(1,400
Cash used in financing activities	(1,300)	•

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) Page 1

Year ended December 31, 2018

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. (the "Company"), formerly known as Gray Coach Lines Ltd. was incorporated in Ontario by Letters Patent dated June 28, 1927. The Company is wholly owned by the Toronto Transit Commission (the "TTC"). The Company owns and, up until July 7, 2012, directly operated a coach terminal located in the City of Toronto (the "City"). Effective July 8, 2012, the Company entered into a lease agreement with Greyhound and Coach Canada Toronto Operations Ltd. (GACCTO) for the use of the entire coach terminal including the retail space, lockers, and parking facilities. The coach terminal is now operated by GACCTO.

The Company wholly owns the TTC Insurance Company Ltd. ("Insurance Co."). The Insurance Company was incorporated on March 9, 1994 under the Ontario Corporations Act and provides insurance coverage for compulsory automobile personal injury and accident benefit claims for the TTC.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of presentation

These financial statements are prepared by the Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. in accordance with the Public Sector Accounting Handbook. In accordance with PS 1150 Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and in the absence of specific guidance under PSAS, the guidance from IFRS 4, Insurance Contracts, is used for the measurement and presentation of insurance liabilities. Since the company holds all investments in the form of cash and cash equivalents, a Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses has not been presented.

#### (b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial results of the Company's subsidiary, TTC Insurance Company Limited.

#### (c) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Specifically, the recognized amounts of insurance liabilities are based on the Company's best information and judgment. These estimates and other judgments are continuously evaluated based on management's experience and expectations about future events. Any variation in the ultimate insurance liability incurred will be offset by a corresponding change in the indemnity receivable and recognized in the current period. In addition, depreciation expense is based on the asset lives described in note 2(e).

#### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of funds on deposit with a chartered bank.

#### (e) Tangible capital assets and depreciation

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which has been estimated at 30 years for the Buildings.

#### (f) Lease revenue

The Company earns lease revenue for the use of the entire coach terminal including the retail space, lockers and parking facilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) Page 2

Year ended December 31, 2018

#### (g) Miscellaneous revenue

Miscellaneous revenue is comprised mainly of bank interest.

#### (h) Insurance liabilities

Insurance liabilities reflect an actuarial assessment of the automobile claims liability on the basis mandated by the Financial Services Commission of Ontario. When a claim is reported, a case reserve is established by adjusters and lawyers employed by the TTC. The liability includes an actuarially estimated provision for claims incurred but not yet reported and internal and external adjustment expenses. Claims provisions are first discounted to reflect the time value of money and provisions for adverse deviations are added in accordance with accepted actuarial practice and the requirements of the Financial Services Commission of Ontario.

#### (i) Related Parties

On January 1, 2018 the Company adopted Public Sector Accounting Standards 2200 – Related Party Disclosures and 3420 – Inter-entity Transactions. The adoption of these standards has not resulted in any significant changes in these financial statements.

#### (i) Contingencies

In the normal course of its operations the Company is subject to various litigations and claims. Where the potential economic outflow is determinable, management believes that the ultimate disposition of the matters will not materially exceed the amounts recorded in the accounts. In other cases, the ultimate outcome of the claims cannot be determined at this time. Any additional or potential changes to claims will be disclosed in the period during which the receipt of economic outflow is probable. Where the potential economic inflow exists, the nature, and where practicable, the amount of the transaction is disclosed if the inflow of economic benefits is probable. No gain is recognized during the financial year unless the receipt of consideration is virtually certain.

#### 3. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

The cost of tangible capital assets is as follows:

(	ín	\$0	00s	;)

	Cost Dec 31, 2018			
	Beginning	Additions	Disposals	Ending
Land	886	-	-	886
Buildings	15,114	-	-	15,114
Total	16,000	-	-	16,000

(in	\$000s)	
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	Cost Dec 31, 2017			
	Beginning	Additions	Disposals	Ending
Land	886	-	-	886
Buildings	15,114	-	-	15,114
Total	16,000	-	-	16,000

The accumulated amortization for tangible capital assets is as follows:

• •	Accumula	ted Amortization De	ec 31, 2018	
	Beginning	Depreciation	Disposals	Ending
Land	-	-	-	-
Buildings	13,829	558	-	14,387
Total	13,829	558	-	14,387

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) Page 3

Year ended December 31, 2018

	Accumula	ted Amortization De	ec 31, 2017	
	Beginning	Depreciation	Disposals	Ending
Land	-	-	-	-
Buildings	13,271	558	-	13,829
Total	13,271	558	-	13,829

Based on above, net book value is as follows:

(In \$000s)		
	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
	Dec 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017
Land	886	886
Buildings	727	1,285
Total	1,613	2,171

#### 4. LOAN PAYABLE TO TTC

The loan payable to TTC consists of the following:

(in \$000s)	Dec 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017
Accrued interest	3,947	4,643
Demand loan, at prime	1,560	1,928
Total loan payable	5,507	6,571

Interest expense on the demand loan, at the prime rate of 3.60% (2017 - 2.90%), amounted to \$236,000 (2017 - \$224,000).

#### 5. BUDGET DATA

Budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements is based upon the 2018 operating budget approved by the Board of Directors of the Toronto Coach Terminal Inc.

#### 6. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES AND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

(a) The following tables provide a breakdown of the consolidated statement of financial position, based upon the two segments of the Company, the Coach Terminal ("TCTI") and the Insurance Company ("TTCIC"). The figures exclude TCTI's investment of \$100,000 (2017 - \$100,000) in TTCIC and TCTI's advance to TTCIC of \$3.1 million (2017 - \$3.1 million), as they are eliminated upon consolidation.

(in \$000s) Dec 31, 2018	ТСТІ	TTCIC	Total
Financial Assets			
Cash	260	3,200	3,460
Accounts receivable	35	6	41
Indemnity receivable from the TTC	-	131,759	131,759
Total Financial Assets	295	134,965	135,260
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	289	6	295
Insurance liabilities	-	131,759	131,759
Loan payable to TTC	5,507	-	5,507
Total Liabilities	5,796	131,765	137,561

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) Page 4

Year ended December 31, 2018

Non-Financial Assets			
Tangible capital assets	1,613	-	1,613
Total Non-Financial Assets	1,613	-	1,613
Capital stock	1,000	-	1,000
Accumulated (Deficit)	(1,688)	-	(1,688)

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(in \$000s) Dec 31, 2017	TCTI	TTCIC	Total
Financial Assets			
Cash	232	3,200	3,432
Accounts receivable	3	4	7
Indemnity receivable from the TTC	-	141,416	141,416
Total Financial Assets	235	144,620	144,855
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	265	4	269
Insurance liabilities	-	141,416	141,416
Loan payable to TTC	6,571	-	6,571
Total Liabilities	6,836	141,420	148,256
Non-Financial Assets			
Tangible capital assets	2,171	-	2,171
Total Non-Financial Assets	2,171	-	2,171
Capital stock	1,000	-	1,000
Accumulated (Deficit)	(2,230)	-	(2,230)

(b) The following tables provide a breakdown of the consolidated statement of operations and deficit by function and by expenditure object:

2018	тсті	TTCIC	Consolidated
(in \$000s)	Total	Total	Total
Revenues			
Lease revenue	1,323	-	1,323
Miscellaneous	16	61	77
Total Revenue	1,339	61	1,400
Expenses			
Wages, salaries and benefits	3	-	3
Materials, services and supplies	-	61	61
Depreciation	558	-	558
Interest expense	236	-	236
Total Expenses	797	61	858
Annual surplus	542	-	542
Accumulated (Deficit)	(1,688)	-	(1,688)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) Page 5

Year ended December 31, 2018

2017	тсті	TTCIC	Consolidated
(in \$000s)	Total	Total	Total
Revenues			
Lease revenue	1,261	-	1,261
Miscellaneous	11	38	49
Total Revenue	1,272	38	1,310
Expenses			
Wages, salaries and benefits	5	-	5
Materials, services and supplies	-	38	38
Depreciation	558	-	558
Interest expense	224	-	224
Total Expenses	787	38	825
Annual surplus	485	-	485
Accumulated (Deficit)	(2,230)	-	(2,230)

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial instruments held by the Company include cash and cash equivalents, indemnity receivable from the TTC, accounts receivable, advances from parent, insurance liabilities and accounts payable.

The indemnity receivable from the TTC corresponds with the insurance liabilities. This receivable arose from the indemnity agreement described in note 10(c). The payment of this receivable by the TTC is also covered by a separate guarantee agreement issued by the City. The Company considers the carrying value of the indemnity receivable to be approximately equivalent to their fair value. The maturity of the Indemnity Receivable from the TTC is directly linked to the maturity of the Company's insurance liabilities, resulting in the Company having negligible liquidity and interest risk. The Company has low credit risk due to the guarantee agreement between the City and the Company and does not face market risk, or currency risk.

The carrying value of the loan payable approximates its fair value as interest is accrued at the prime rate and compounded annually. The carrying values of accounts receivable and cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair values. The liquidity risks on these are considered negligible as they are readily convertible to cash on short notice. The company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities are all due for payment within 12 months of the consolidated balance sheet dates and approximate their fair value. (The liquidity risk on accounts payable and accrued liabilities is managed through maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents).

#### 8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Pursuant to the guarantee agreement with the City described in note 10(d), the Insurance Co. is required to maintain cash or securities available for payment of current liabilities equal to the greater of \$350,000 or one month's claims and operating expenses (all self-insured retention payments are processed through the TTC). The cash and cash equivalents amount restricted for this purpose at December 31, 2018 is approximately \$2,300,000 (2017 - \$1,900,000).

#### 9. CAPITAL STOCK

The capital stock includes 10,000 common shares with a par value of \$100 each.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) Page 6

Year ended December 31, 2018

#### 10. LICENCE AND INDEMNITY RECEIVABLE

Insurance Co. received a license on July 12, 1994 from the Ontario Insurance Commission, now incorporated into the Financial Services Commission of Ontario, in order to transact the business of automobile insurance in the Province of Ontario. Insurance Co. initiated such transactions on July 30, 1994. By Provincial Order in Council dated July 6, 1994, Insurance Co. was granted the said license subject to the following conditions:

- (a) Insurance Co. maintain, in aggregate, a paid-up capital and unimpaired surplus of not less than \$100,000;
- (b) Insurance Co. limit exclusively its underwriting to the automobile insurance risks of the TTC under the Compulsory Automobile Insurance Act or any successor thereto;
- (c) the indemnity agreement between the TTC and Insurance Co., whereby Insurance Co. is to be reimbursed by the TTC for all current and future costs and expenditures including all claims under the policies, continue and be in full force and effect; and
- (d) the complete and full guarantee of the TTC's liabilities and obligations under the indemnity agreement which Insurance Co. has received from the City remains in full force and effect.

As a result of the indemnity agreement and the City guarantee, Insurance Co. has negligible insurance risk, as any change in Insurance Co.'s insurance liabilities would be offset by a corresponding change in the balance of the indemnity receivable. For this reason, disclosures on specific insurance risks have not been made.

#### 11. INSURANCE LIABILITIES

Insurance liabilities are established to reflect all liabilities associated with the insurance policies at the reporting date. The ultimate cost of these liabilities will vary from the best estimate made by management for a variety of reasons, including additional information with respect to the facts and circumstances of the claims incurred.

#### **Case Reserves**

Insurance liabilities are based on the case reserves set by claims adjusters for each individual claim. These specialists apply their knowledge and expertise, after taking available information regarding the circumstances of the claim into account, to set individual case reserve estimates. The Company bases such estimates on the facts available at the time the reserves are established.

#### Incurred But Not Reported

An incurred but not reported provision "IBNR" is then added to the case reserves as uncertainty exists on reported claims, because, for example, full information on case files may not be available at the valuation date, or losses have been incurred but are not yet reported. Therefore, the Company relies upon historical information and statistic models, to estimate the IBNR liability. The Company also uses reported claims trends, claims severity, exposure growth and other factors in estimating its IBNR reserve. The time required to learn of and settle claims is an important consideration in establishing the Company's reserves. The Company revises theses reserves as additional information becomes available.

Year ended December 31, 2018

#### Time Value of Money and Provision for Adverse Deviation

The provision is discounted to take into account the time value of money and a provision for adverse deviation "PFAD" is added, as recommended by standard actuarial practice. Assumptions regarding the anticipated timing of future payments and an appropriate discount rate are made by management. As uncertainty exists with respect to the determination of these discounted estimates, an explicit PFAD is made for potential claims development. A PFAD is selected based on guidance developed by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

The following table summarizes the effects of the time value of money and PFADs on the insurance liabilities and claims adjustment costs.

Unpaid claims and claims adjustment costs (\$000s):	Undiscounted	Time Value of Money	Discounted (before PFAD)	PFAD	Discounted
As at December 31, 2018	127,108	(6,893)	120,215	11,544	131,759
As at December 31, 2017	135,713	(6,727)	128,986	12,430	141,416

As at December 31, 2018, the interest rate used to determine the time value of money was 1.85% (December 31, 2017 – 1.75%) and reflected the market yield, based on the yield of Government of Canada bonds with a similar duration until maturity.

Based on the indemnity agreement described in note 10(c), there is no net impact on the Company as a result of changes in the amount of the insurance liability as any increase would be offset by an increase in the indemnity receivable.

#### 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The TTC provides all management and administrative services necessary to support the operations of the Insurance Co. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount. The expense incurred for the year for these services was \$59,978 (2017 - \$37,272) and this has been reflected in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus.

The Company made a loan repayment of \$1,300,000 (2017 - \$1,400,000) to the TTC. The remaining loan balance and the interest accrued on the loan are detailed in note 4.

In addition, the Insurance Co. did not receive any funds from the Company during the period (2017 - \$0) keeping the total advance as of December 31, 2018 at \$3,100,000.