

# Draft Consolidated Financial Statements of Toronto Transit Commission for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

**Date:** June 12, 2019 **To:** TTC Board

From: Chief Financial Officer

## **Summary**

The subject report, reviewed at the TTC Audit and Risk Management Committee on June 3, 2019 is forwarded to the TTC Board for information and then to the City Clerk for appropriate handling.

Since adoption of the Draft Consolidated Financial Statements of the Toronto Transit Commission for the Year Ended December 31, 2018, Note 20 Subsequent Event has been changed to read as follows:

On June 4, 2019, Ontario's government passed Bill 107, Getting Ontario Moving Act (Transportation Statute Law Amendment), 2019. Schedule 3 amends the Metrolinx Act, 2006, wherein the Lieutenant Governor in Council may prescribe that a rapid transit design, development or construction project is the sole responsibility of Metrolinx. If a rapid transit project is the sole responsibility of Metrolinx, the City of Toronto and its agencies, including the TTC cannot take further action on that project. Further, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may, by order, transfer to Metrolinx, with or without compensation, all or some of the City of Toronto's and its agencies' assets, liabilities, rights and obligations with respect to a project prescribed as a rapid transit project. TTC continues to work with provincial and municipal governments to determine the impact on existing construction in progress for expansion related projects.

## Contact

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# Draft Consolidated Financial Statements of Toronto Transit Commission for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

**Date:** May 29, 2019

To: TTC Audit & Risk Management Committee

From: Chief Financial Officer

## Summary

The TTC is required to prepare audited annual financial statements and to forward them to the City.

## Recommendations

It is recommended that the TTC Audit and Risk Management Committee:

- 1. Approve this report; and
- 2. Approve forwarding a copy of the approved consolidated financial statements to the TTC Board and then to the City Clerk for appropriate handling.

## **Implementation Points**

This report requires approval at the May 29, 2019 TTC Audit & Risk Management Committee Meeting to ensure timely submission to the June 12, 2019 TTC Board Meeting and then to the June 28, 2019 Audit Committee Meeting of the City of Toronto.

## **Financial Summary**

There are no financial implications resulting from the adoption of this report.

## **Equity/Accessibility Matters**

This report and its recommendations have no accessibility or equity issues or impacts.

## **Decision History**

TTC's Corporate Policy 6.2.0 Financial Reporting to the Board, paragraph 4.1 states that annual audited financial statements must be included in the TTC's Annual Report.

At its meeting on February 9, 2017, the TTC Audit & Risk Management Committee approved that the terms of reference of the Audit & Risk Management Committee include a requirement to "review with management and the external auditors the annual financial statements, and consider whether they are complete, consistent with information known to Committee members, and reflect appropriate accounting principles."

https://www.ttc.ca/About the TTC/Commission reports and information/Committee meetings/Audit Risk Management/2017/February 9/Reports/2 TTC Audit %20and Risk Management Committee Terms Of Referenc.pdf

## **Issue Background**

The report presents the consolidated financial statements of the TTC for the fiscal year December 31, 2018.

## Comments

The draft consolidated financial statements of the Toronto Transit Commission for the year ended December 31, 2018 have been prepared by Management. They have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC"), as indicated by the draft Auditor's Report included with the attached statements. The Auditor's Report provides an opinion that the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the TTC in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS). After the financial statements are approved by the Audit & Risk Management Committee and Board, and PwC completes its file documentation, the draft unqualified opinion will be finalized on PwC letterhead.

## Accounting Surplus – As Reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accounting surplus for the year as reported in the Consolidated Statement of Operations consists of the following:

| Item   | \$ Millions |
|--|-------------|
| Capital subsidy revenue  | 1,352.8     |
| Depreciation expense for assets funded through capital subsidy | (553.2)     |
| Other expenses funded through capital subsidy                  | (4.4)       |
| Entities under the control of TTC                              | 0.5         |
| Total  | 795.7       |

## Reconciliation of Accounting Surplus in Consolidated Financial Statements to Reduced Operating Subsidy Requirement

The following table reconciles the accounting surplus to the Operating Subsidy Required.

| \$ Millions   | 2018  |
|---|-------|
|   |       |
| Operating Subsidy Revenue per Financial Statements      | 710.8 |
| Contribution to Long-term Liability Reserve             | 12.6  |
| Contribution to Stabilization Reserve                   | 6.9   |
| City Special Costs                                      | 5.1   |
| Adjustments for Future Recoverable Amounts:             |       |
| Post-Retirement Benefits                                | 31.4  |
| Accident Claims   | 11.9  |
| Rounding  | 0.1   |
| Operating Subsidy Required                              | 716.0 |
| Operating Subsidy Available                             | 740.9 |
| Reduced Operating Subsidy Requirement*                  | 24.9  |
| *Reduced Operating Subsidy requirement is comprised of: |       |
| TTC Conventional  | 13.4  |
| Wheel-Trans   | 11.5  |
| Total Reduced Operating Subsidy Requirement             | 24.9  |

Explanations for the components of the accounting surplus are as follows:

1) Capital Subsidy Revenue and Depreciation Expense: \$799.6M (net) Capital subsidies are used to acquire or construct capital assets. Under PSAS, these subsidies must be recognized as revenue in the year that the TTC qualified for the funding (i.e. the year in which the capital asset was acquired or constructed). In 2018,

the TTC recognized \$1,352.8M in capital subsidy revenue.

The cost of these capital assets however is not immediately recorded as an expense as the assets will serve the TTC for several years. Instead, a depreciation expense is recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations over several years as the assets are used and wear out. In 2018, the TTC recorded \$553.2M of depreciation expense which is an estimate of the decline in value of TTC's assets in 2018 due to age and use.

The difference between capital subsidy revenue of \$1,352.8M and depreciation expense for subsidized assets of \$553.2M is the source of virtually all the accounting surplus, however this amount does not represent surplus funds. The full \$1,352.8M was spent on the capital assets acquired or constructed this year.

Typically, operating budget reports do not include capital subsidy revenue or depreciation expense for the related assets because these subsidies are incorporated into the capital budget process and because depreciation expense is an accounting expense that is not linked to any cash requirement.

## 2) Other Expenses Funded Through Capital Subsidy: \$4.4M

Other expenses include environmental expenses and the write-down of capital projects both of which were funded through capital subsidy.

## 3) Entities Under the Control of TTC: \$0.5M (net surplus)

Budgets and periodic financial reports are presented separately for the TTC conventional transit system, Wheel-Trans operations, Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. (TCTI), TTC Insurance Company Ltd. and the TTC Sick Benefit Association. However PSAS requires these financial statements to be presented on a consolidated (i.e. combined) basis. Therefore the results for all entities controlled by the TTC are reported in aggregate. As a result, TTC consolidated surplus includes a \$0.5M <sup>1</sup> surplus related to entities under control which primarily comprise of TCTI's surplus.

## Reduced Operating Subsidy Requirements for the Year

The accounting surplus in the consolidated financial statements is unrelated to the 2018 operating budget reduced subsidy requirements (i.e. budget surplus). The TTC had reduced operating subsidy requirements of \$13.4M for conventional transit and a budget surplus of \$11.5M for Wheel-Trans. The net amount of \$24.9M represented the amount by which the operating subsidy available from the City of Toronto exceeded the amount that was actually required and used by the TTC. This is summarized in the table:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net of intercompany eliminations

| \$ Millions                           | TTC<br>Conventional | Wheel-Trans | Total   |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
|                                       | Transit             |             |         |
| 2018 Operating Expenses               | 1,809.5             | 140.1       | 1,949.6 |
| 2018 Operating Revenue                | 1,226.2             | 7.4         | 1,233.6 |
| Current Operating Subsidy Required    | 583.3               | 132.7       | 716.0   |
| Current Operating Subsidy Available   | 596.7               | 144.2       | 740.9   |
| Reduced Operating Subsidy Requirement | 13.4                | 11.5        | 24.9    |

The above information provides some context to the amounts presented in the attached consolidated financial statements. Staff and PwC auditors would be pleased to answer any further questions that you may have.

## Contact

Stephen Conforti, Head of Finance & Treasurer (416) 393-3654 Stephen.Conforti@ttc.ca

## Signature

Dan Wright Chief Financial Officer

## **Attachments**

Attachment 1 - Draft TTC Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year-Ended December 31, 2018

Consolidated Financial Statements of Toronto Transit Commission
For the year ended December 31, 2018



## Independent auditor's report

To the Members of the Board of Directors of Toronto Transit Commission

## Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Toronto Transit Commission and its subsidiaries (together, the Entity) as at December 31, 2018 and the results of its operations, changes in its net debt, its remeasurement gains and losses and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### What we have audited

The Entity's consolidated financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018;
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of net debt for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Independence**

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.



## Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, included in the annual report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Entity to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants** 

Toronto, Ontario June @@, 2019

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position For the year ended December 31

| \$000s  | 2018         | 2017       |
|---|--------------|------------|
| Financial assets  |              |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)                              | 102,778      | 227,853    |
| Subsidies receivable (note 5)                                   | 1,136,231    | 1,107,850  |
| Accounts receivable   | 81,802       | 103,056    |
| Portfolio investments (note 6)                                  | 2,273        | 2,268      |
| Derivative assets (note 7)                                      |              | 9,838      |
| Total financial assets  | 1,323,084    | 1,450,865  |
| Liabilities   |              |            |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities                        | 658,983      | 770,670    |
| Deferred passenger revenue                                      | 53,905       | 75,392     |
| Unsettled accident claims (note 8)                              | 144,696      | 156,633    |
| Employee future benefits (note 9)                               | 720,090      | 687,171    |
| Environmental liabilities (note 10)                             | 7,144        | 8,125      |
| Derivative liabilities (note 7)                                 | 4,592        | ,<br>-     |
| Total liabilities   | 1,589,410    | 1,697,991  |
| Net debt  | (266,326)    | (247,126)  |
|   |              |            |
| Non-financial assets  |              |            |
| Tangible capital assets (note 11)                               | 11,647,678   | 10,886,858 |
| Spare parts and supplies inventory                              | 142,885      | 138,767    |
| Prepaid expense   | 44,512       | 8,949      |
| Total non-financial assets                                      | 11,835,075   | 11,034,574 |
| Accumulated surplus   | 11,568,749   | 10,787,448 |
| Accumulated surplus is comprised of:                            |              |            |
| Accumulated operating surplus (note 12)                         | 11,573,341   | 10,777,610 |
| Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses)                       | (4,592)      | 9,838      |
| Accumulated remeasurement gains, (103503)                       | 11,568,749   | 10,787,448 |
| See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements |              |            |
|   |              |            |
|   |              |            |
| Approved:   |              |            |
| Commissioner  | Commissioner |            |

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For the year ended December 31

| \$000s                                     | 2018 Budget | 2018       | 2017       |
|--|-------------|------------|------------|
|  | (note 16)   |            |            |
| Operating Revenue                          |             |            |            |
| Passenger services                         | 1,178,891   | 1,169,797  | 1,171,580  |
| Advertising                                | 28,350      | 28,380     | 28,322     |
| Property rental                            | 22,748      | 21,962     | 22,690     |
| Outside city services                      | 7,574       | 6,817      | 15,383     |
| Miscellaneous                              | 9,261       | 7,833      | 5,227      |
| Total operating revenue                    | 1,246,824   | 1,234,789  | 1,243,202  |
|  |             |            |            |
| Operating subsidies (note 13)              | 801,289     | 710,767    | 588,304    |
| Capital subsidies (note 14)                | 1,992,427   | 1,352,831  | 1,385,195  |
| Total subsidy revenue                      | 2,793,716   | 2,063,598  | 1,973,499  |
| Total revenue                              | 4,040,540   | 3,298,387  | 3,216,701  |
|  |             |            |            |
| Conventional transit service               | 2,436,281   | 2,351,655  | 2,166,742  |
| Wheel-Trans                                | 163,905     | 150,263    | 141,478    |
| Other functions                            | 594         | 738        | 707        |
| Total expenses (note 15)                   | 2,600,780   | 2,502,656  | 2,308,927  |
|  |             |            |            |
| Surplus for the year                       | 1,439,760   | 795,731    | 907,774    |
| Accumulated surplus, beginning of the year |             | 10,777,610 | 9,869,836  |
| Accumulated surplus, end of the year       |             | 11,573,341 | 10,777,610 |

Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses For the year ended December 31

| \$000s   | 2018     | 2017  |
|--|----------|-------|
| According to the design of the control of the contr | 0.020    | 2.004 |
| Accumulated remeasurement gains/(losses), beginning of the year  | 9,838    | 3,094 |
| Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year (note 7)   | (623)    | 6,270 |
| Amounts reclassified to statement of operations  | (13,807) | 474   |
| Accumulated remeasurement gains/(losses), beginning of the year  | (4,592)  | 9,838 |

Consolidated Statement of Net Debt For the year ended December 31

| \$000s                                     | 2018 Budget | 2018        | 2017        |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|  | (note 16)   |             |             |
| Surplus for the year                       | 1,439,760   | 795,731     | 907,774     |
| Change in tangible capital assets          |             |             |             |
| Acquisition                                | (1,992,427) | (1,340,928) | (1,402,031) |
| Amortization                               | 553,218     | 578,664     | 494,859     |
| Disposals                                  | =           | 93          | -           |
| Writedowns                                 | =           | 1,351       | 3,873       |
| Total change in capital assets             | (1,439,209) | (760,820)   | (903,299)   |
| Change in spare parts and supplies         | -           | (4,118)     | 349         |
| Change in prepaid expenses                 | -           | (35,563)    | (1,943)     |
| Change in remeasurement gains for the year | -           | (14,430)    | 6,744       |
| Change in net debt                         | 551         | (19,200)    | 9,625       |
| Net debt, beginning of the year            |             | (247,126)   | (256,751)   |
| Net debt, end of the year                  |             | (266,326)   | (247,126)   |

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31

| \$000s   | 2018        | 2017               |
|--|-------------|--------------------|
| Operating activities   |             |                    |
| Surplus of the year  | 795,731     | 907,774            |
| Add (deduct) items not involving cash:                             |             |                    |
| Amortization of tangible capital assets                            | 578,664     | 494,859            |
| Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets                        | 603         | 3,231              |
| Recognition of revenue from capital subsidies                      | (1,352,831) | (1,385,195)        |
| Change in employee future benefits                                 | 32,919      | 53,768             |
| Changes in non-cash assets and liabilities related to operations:  |             |                    |
| (Increase)/ decrease in operating subsidy receivable               | (82,008)    | 3,560              |
| (Increase)/ decrease in operating accounts receivable              | 21,057      | (21,532)           |
| (Increase)/ decrease in portfolio investments                      | (5)         | (4)                |
| (Increase)/ decrease in spare parts and supplies inventory         | (4,118)     | 349                |
| (Increase)/ decrease in operating prepaid expense                  | (563)       | (1,943)            |
| (Decrease)/ increase in operating accounts payable and accrued     | (31,622)    | 112,463            |
| (Decrease)/ increase in deferred passenger revenue                 | (21,487)    | (8,988)            |
| (Decrease)/ increase in unsettled accident claims                  | (11,937)    | (35,620)           |
| (Decrease)/ increase in environmental liabilities                  | (981)       | 2,793              |
| Cash (used in)/ provided by operating activities                   | (76,578)    | 125,515            |
| Conital activities   |             |                    |
| Capital activities Capital asset acquisitions                      | (1,420,261) | (1,424,975)        |
| Capital asset disposal proceeds                                    | 109         | (1,424,973)<br>642 |
| Cash used in capital activities                                    | (1,420,152) | (1,424,333)        |
| Financing activities   |             |                    |
| Capital subsidies received   | 1,371,655   | 1,396,481          |
| Cash provided by financing activities                              | 1,371,655   | 1,396,481          |
| oash provided by illianding activities                             | 1,371,000   | 1,000,401          |
| Increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents, during the year | (125,075)   | 97,663             |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year                   | 227,853     | 130,190            |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year                         | 102,778     | 227,853            |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2018

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Toronto Transit Commission (the "TTC") was established on January 1, 1954 to consolidate and coordinate all forms of local transportation within the City of Toronto (the "City"), except railways and taxis. As outlined in the City of Toronto Act (2006), the TTC has exclusive authority to establish, operate or maintain a local passenger transportation system within the City. From a funding perspective, the TTC functions as one of the boards of the City and is dependent upon the City for both operating and capital subsidies (notes 13 and 14). The TTC also operates Wheel-Trans, a paratransit service for people with disabilities (which is also subsidized by the City). The Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. and its subsidiary, the TTC Insurance Company Limited. The TTC controls the TTC Sick Benefit Association which was incorporated to adjudicate and pay benefit claims to eligible Members of Association unable to work due to illness or disability. The TTC, which is not subject to income and capital taxes, receives an 11.24% rebate for the Harmonized Sales Tax and receives exemption from certain property taxes.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## a. Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by the TTC in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada).

#### b. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the operations of Wheel-Trans and the financial results of the TTC's subsidiaries, the Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. ("TCTI") and TCTI's subsidiary, TTC Insurance Company Limited (the "Insurance Co."). The results of the TTC Sick Benefit Association ("SBA"), which is controlled by the TTC, have also been consolidated. The consolidation schedule is disclosed in Appendix 1.

#### c. Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Specifically, employee future benefits are subject to the assumptions described in note 9 and other contingencies are described in note 18a. Also, management makes their best estimate on the fair value of certain pension investments described in note 9 as the final audited fair values are not available at the time of preparation of the financial statements. Amortization expense is based on the asset lives described in note 2h. Accident claims liabilities are subject to assumptions on discount rates and amounts reserved for incurred, but not reported claims as described in note 8. Deferred revenue is based on estimated value of fare media sold, but not yet used before year end. Actual results could differ from the amounts estimated.

### d. Subsidy revenue

Operating subsidies are authorized by the City after the TTC's operating budget has been approved. Operating subsidy revenue is recognized by the TTC in the period to the extent that net operating costs are incurred. Capital subsidies are recognized in revenue when the City authorizes the capital subsidy and the cost is incurred. The eligibility criteria and related stipulations must also have been met except when and to the extent that the transfer gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability, which can be influenced by a number of factors, including stipulations of the transfer.

## e. Operating revenue and deferred passenger revenue

Operating revenue from passenger services is recognized when cash, tickets, tokens and Presto cards are used by the passenger to secure a ride. Revenue from passes is recognized in the period in which they are valid. An estimate of tickets and tokens sold which will be used after the year end and an estimate of passes sold but only valid after year end are included in deferred passenger revenue. All other revenue is recognized when the services have been provided.

## f. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and funds on deposit with a major financial institution.

## g. Spare parts and supplies inventory

Spare parts are valued at weighted-average cost, net of allowance for obsolete and excess parts.

## h. Tangible capital assets and amortization

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. In addition to direct costs attributable to capital projects, the TTC capitalizes certain internal costs, which are directly related to the acquisition, construction, betterment, or development of those related capital assets. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method, based on the estimated useful lives of major assets, as follows:

| Asset                              | Years |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Subways                            | 20-65 |
| Buildings & structures             | 20-40 |
| Rolling stock                      | 6-30  |
| Buses                              | 3-13  |
| Trackwork                          | 15-30 |
| Other equipment                    | 5-26  |
| Traction power distribution system | 24-25 |

Capital assets are amortized from the date that they enter service. One-half year of the amortization expense is recorded in the year of acquisition and assets under construction are not depreciated until the asset is substantially complete and available for productive use. A substantial amount of land that the TTC requires access to for operations is not recorded in these financial statements and is recorded in the financial statements of the City.

#### i. Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments consist of bonds that are recorded at cost. Discounts or premiums on investments are amortized on an effective interest rate method until maturity of the investment to which this item is related. Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

## j. Adoption of new accounting standards

On January 1, 2018, the TTC adopted Public Sector Accounting Standards 3210 – Assets, 3320 – Contingent Assets, 3380 – Contractual Rights, 2200 – Related Party Disclosures and 3420 – Inter-entity Transactions. The adoption of these standards has not resulted in any significant changes in the financial statements.

## k. Unsettled accident claims

The TTC has a self-insurance program for automobile and general liability claims. Estimated costs to settle automobile and general liability claims are actuarially determined, based on available loss information and projections of the present value of estimated future expenditures developed from the TTC's historical experience. The provision for estimated future expenditures includes expected internal and external adjustment expenses, an estimate of claims incurred, but not reported and a provision for adverse deviations.

## I. Employee future benefit plans

The TTC's employee benefits plans include post-employment plans (workplace safety and insurance benefit plan and long term disability benefit plan), post-retirement plans (medical and dental benefits) and pension plans.

The costs of the post-employment benefit plans are recognized when the event that obligates the TTC occurs. Costs include projected future income replacement payments, health care continuation costs, taxes and fees paid to independent administrators, calculated on a present value basis.

The costs and obligations of the post-retirement benefit plans and pension plans are calculated using the projected benefits prorated on service method and management's best estimates of retirement ages of employees, future salary levels, expected health care cost escalations, and plan investment performance.

The net asset or liability related to each employee future benefit plan reflects the year-end difference between the value of the accrued benefit obligation and the value of the plan assets (if funded), net of unamortized gains and losses and the valuation allowance. Plan assets are valued using year-end fair market values.

Accrued benefit obligations and costs are determined using discount rates that are consistent with the City's long-term borrowing rates for the post-employment and post-retirement plans. For the TTC's funded pension plans, the discount rate is the plan's expected rate of return on plan assets.

Actuarial gains and losses arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or when actual experience differs from what was assumed. For post-employment benefit plans, the net actuarial gain or loss is deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected period during which benefits will be paid unless there is a related plan amendment or curtailment. For workplace safety insurance benefits, the amortization period is 9.8 years (December 31, 2017 – 11.1 years) and for long-term disability benefits, the amortization period is 7.1 years (December 31, 2017 – 7.4 years). The amortization of the gain/loss begins in the year after the actuarial gain/loss arises.

A post-retirement benefit plan actuarial gain or loss is deferred and amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employees unless there is a plan amendment or curtailment. The amortization period for the pension plan is 13.8 years (December 31, 2017 – 13.7 years), for the post-retirement medical and post-retirement dental plans the amortization period is 15.1 years (December 31, 2017 – 14.2 years) and for the supplemental funded pension plan, the amortization period is 7.2 years (December 31, 2017 – 6.9 years). The amortization of the actuarial gain or loss begins in the year after the gain or loss arises for all post-retirement plans except the TTC pension plan. Amortization begins in the year of the actuarial gain or loss for the TTC pension plan. This policy is expected to reduce the long term expense volatility that results from the accounting requirement to defer and amortize actuarial losses.

Past service costs arising from a plan amendment or plan initiation are recognized in the period of a plan amendment. Prior service costs or gains are offset by net actuarial gains or losses, if any, as of the end of the calendar year in which the prior service costs or gains arise. Unamortized amounts that remain after offsetting with prior period service costs or gains continue to be amortized in their original amount. Also, unamortized actuarial gains or losses related to settled or curtailed plans are recognized in the period of the plan settlement or curtailment.

#### m. Environmental liabilities

An environmental liability is recognized when a site has been identified as being non-compliant with environmental legislation, the TTC accepts responsibility, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up and a reasonable estimate of costs can be determined. The estimated amounts of future costs are reviewed regularly, based on available information and governing legislation.

#### n. Financial instruments

The TTC has designated its financial instruments as follows:

- i) Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)
- ii) Subsidies receivable from the City of Toronto (note 5)
- iii) Accounts receivable
- iv) Portfolio investments, in bonds (note 6)
- v) Accounts payable and certain accrued liabilities
- vi) Financial derivatives (note 7)

Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost which approximates fair market value. Financial derivatives are recorded at fair value. All other financial instruments are recorded at amortized cost. The fair values of the accounts receivable, operating and capital portions of the subsidies receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short time period to maturity of these instruments. The fair value of the other recoverable amounts within subsidies receivable from the City of Toronto cannot be determined since there are no fixed terms of repayment. The fair value of Portfolio Investments is described in note 6.

PS3450, Financial instruments, requires disclosure of a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurement based on the transparency of inputs to the valuation of a financial asset or financial liability as at the financial statement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 – fair value is based on quoted market prices in markets for identical financial assets or financial liabilities. Level 1 financial assets generally include equity investments traded in an active market.

Level 2 – fair value is based on observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, other than quoted prices included within Level 1.

Level 3 – fair value is based on non-observable market data inputs.

TTC's financial derivatives are the only financial instruments recorded at fair value and they are classified as Level 2.

### 3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty's inability to meet its obligations. As at December 31, 2018, TTC's credit risk exposure consists mainly of the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, portfolio investments, accounts receivable and subsidies receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents and portfolio investments are invested with the City of Toronto or a major financial institution and are therefore assessed as low risk.

Approximately 8.5% of TTC's accounts receivable (December 31, 2017 – 10.4%) and 100% of subsidies receivable (December 31, 2017 – 100%), is due from the City of Toronto. Impairment risk on this receivable is low since the TTC is controlled by the City.

The remaining 91.5% (December 31,2017 - 89.6%) is comprised of:

Federal government: 54.8% (December 31, 2017- 51.7%)
Provincial government: 10.4% (December 31, 2017- 5.2%)

Other government entity: 12.0% (December 31, 2017- 10.2%)

Non government entity: 14.3% (December 31, 2017- 22.5%)

Impairment risk on receivables from the Federal government is low as it is mainly comprised of HST receivable.

Credit risk is further lowered as TTC's best practice is to obtain an advance deposit or letter of credit when entering a significant agreement with a non-government entity. Furthermore, past due receivables are routinely monitored and subject to collection action.

To assess and manage its exposure to credit risk, TTC reviews and reports impairment balances annually. TTC believes that its credit risk is low and there are no notable concentrations of risk.

## **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in currency or foreign exchange rates. The TTC has limited foreign currency risk with respect to its financial instruments as substantially all of TTC's financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in Canadian dollars. The TTC is exposed to some foreign currency risk as some contracts for the future purchase of supplies and capital assets are denominated in U.S. dollars. As of the balance sheet date, TTC has \$2.0 million in U.S. dollar financial liabilities (December 31, 2017 – \$2.0 million), which is offset by TTC's U.S. dollar cash balance of \$1.8 million (December 31, 2017 – \$2.8 million). Therefore, TTC's currency risk is low and there are no notable concentrations of risk.

## **Liquidity Risks**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the TTC will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities and other contractual obligations. TTC's accounts payables and accrued liabilities amount to \$659.0 million (December 31, 2017 – \$770.7 million) and, excluding non-financial liabilities, \$356.4 million is due within one year or less (December 31, 2017 – \$324.4 million). The TTC has a combination of cash on hand and receivables from governments and government organizations, including the City of Toronto, as described above within the statement of credit risk, which will be sufficient to satisfy these liabilities. Construction holdbacks of \$53.5 million (December 31, 2017 – \$51.4 million) are also excluded from the \$356.4 million (December 31, 2017 – \$324.4 million) due within a year; however, they are fully recoverable from the City of Toronto as referred to in note 5. Therefore TTC's liquidity risk is low and there are no notable concentrations of risk.

## Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. TTC's interest rate risk is low as the TTC does not hold debt and all portfolio investments have fixed interest rates (note 6) and will be held to maturity.

## Other price risk

The TTC is exposed to fuel price risk arising from fluctuations in fuel costs. To manage its exposure to fuel prices, TTC enters into fuel swap contracts with financial institutions (note 7).

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

In connection with the City guarantee referred to in note 8, the TTC Insurance Company Limited, is required to maintain cash or securities available for payment of accident claims liabilities equal to one month's claims and operating expenses (all self-insured retention payments are processed through the TTC). The cash and cash equivalents amount restricted for this purpose is approximately \$2.3 million as at December 31, 2018 (December 31, 2017 - \$1.9 million).

## 5. SUBSIDIES RECEIVABLE

Subsidies from the City of Toronto consist of operating subsidies as described in note 13 and capital subsidies as described in note 14. Subsidies receivable as at December 31 comprise the following amounts, all of which are due from the City of Toronto:

| \$000s  | 2018      | 2017      |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Subsidies to be collected within one year       |           |           |
| Capital subsidy receivable                      | 428,043   | 389,575   |
| Operating subsidy receivable                    | 134,837   | 72,286    |
| Total subsidies to be collected within one year | 562,880   | 461,861   |
| Other recoverable amounts Employee benefits     | 397,607   | 366,213   |
| Accident claims expenses                        | 32,861    | 44,798    |
| Construction related                            | 138,679   | 229,576   |
| Future environmental costs (note 10)            | 4,204     | 5,402     |
| Total other recoverable amounts                 | 573,351   | 645,989   |
| Total subsidies receivable                      | 1,136,231 | 1,107,850 |

The TTC expects to collect the capital and operating subsidy receivable within one year.

The amount related to non-cash employee benefits and accident claim expenses represents the delayed payment of operating subsidy for the non-cash portion of these expenses.

Subsidy receivable related to construction will be collected in the year the vendors are paid. Subsidy receivable for future environmental costs will be collected in the year in which the related work is performed.

### 6. PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Portfolio investments as at December 31 consist of the following:

| \$000s                                    | 2018  | 2017  |
|---|-------|-------|
| Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto Bond |       |       |
| (2.45%; February 6, 2025 maturity)        | 2,273 | 2,268 |
| Total portfolio investments               | 2,273 | 2,268 |

At December 31, 2018, the fair value of the bonds is \$2.3 million (December 31, 2017 – \$2.3 million).

## 7. FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES

TTC's financial derivatives consist of heating fuel swaps with financial institutions which help manage TTC's exposure to fluctuating fuel prices by setting a fixed price for a future purchase of a fixed quantity of fuel. Heating fuel swaps are used because they are an openly traded commodity that most closely relates to the diesel fuel consumed by TTC. The TTC does not purchase or hold any derivative financial instrument for speculative purposes. Several derivative agreements were in place and used throughout the year and continue to exist as of December 31, 2018. Derivative instruments are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition and changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. As of December 31, 2018, the accumulated remeasurement losses from these fuel swaps are (\$4.6) million (December 31, 2017 – accumulated remeasurement gains \$9.8 million). The derivative contracts are included in the statement of financial position on a present value basis. The fair value of these contracts are primarily derived using the quoted price of heating oil on the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) as of December 31, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, approximately 56.5% of 2019 diesel fuel requirement has been hedged using the fuel swap agreements (December 31, 2017 – 84.2%).

## 8. UNSETTLED ACCIDENT CLAIMS

The Insurance Co. was established in 1994 in order to provide insurance coverage for compulsory automobile personal injury and accident benefit claims for the TTC. At December 31, 2018, \$131.8 million (December 31, 2017–\$141.4 million) of the unsettled accident claims liability is related to the Insurance Co.'s payable for all automobile claims incurred. This portion of the TTC's accident claim liability is guaranteed by the City. The TTC has purchased insurance from third-party insurers to cover tort claims in excess of \$5.0 million on any one accident. The remainder of the unsettled accident claims liability, \$12.9 million (December 31, 2017 – \$15.2 million), relates to general liability claims of \$16.1 million (December 31, 2017 – \$18.5 million), less \$3.2 million (December 31, 2017 – \$3.3 million) of expected HST rebates.

The ultimate cost of these liabilities will vary from the best estimate made by management for a variety of reasons including additional information with respect to the facts and circumstances of the claims incurred. The liability includes a reserve established for each file as well as an incurred but not reported ("IBNR") provision to account for the fact that full information on case files may not be available at the valuation date, or losses have been incurred but are not yet reported. Therefore, the TTC relies upon historical information and statistical models to estimate the IBNR liability. The TTC also uses reported claims trends, claims severity, exposure growth and other factors in estimating its IBNR reserve. The time required to learn of and settle claims is an important consideration in establishing the TTC's reserves. The TTC revises these reserves as additional information becomes available.

This provision is discounted to take into account the time value of money and a provision for adverse deviation ("PFAD") is added as recommended by standard actuarial practice. Assumptions regarding the anticipated timing of future payments and an appropriate discount rate are made by management. As uncertainty exists with respect to the determination of these discounted estimates, an explicit PFAD is made for potential claims development. A PFAD is selected based on guidance developed by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

The following table summarizes the effects of the time value of money and PFAD on the liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment costs.

| Unpaid claims and claims adjustment costs | Undiscounted | Time Value<br>of Money | Discounted<br>(before<br>PFAD) | PFAD   | Discounted |
|---|--------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|------------|
| \$000s                                    |              |                        |                                |        |            |
| As at December 31, 2018                   | 139,387      | (6,614)                | 132,773                        | 11,923 | 144,696    |
| As at December 31, 2017                   | 150,046      | (6,439)                | 143,607                        | 13,026 | 156,633    |

As at December 31, 2018, the interest rate used to determine the time value of money was 1.85% and reflected the market yield (December 31, 2017 - 1.75%).

### 9. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

## Description of benefit plans

The TTC has a number of benefit plans which provide employees with post-employment, post-retirement and pension benefits.

## Post-employment benefit plans

Post-employment benefits are available to active employees in the form of long-term disability ("LTD") and workplace safety insurance ("WSI") plans. The LTD plan is self-insured by the TTC and is administered by an independent insurance carrier. As a Schedule 2 employer under the Ontario Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, the TTC fully finances its WSI costs.

For the post-employment benefit plans, the effective date of the most recent actuarial valuation was September 30, 2018. These valuations were used to project the accrued benefit obligations and costs for the current year end. The next actuarial valuation for the post-employment benefit plans is expected to be performed as at September 30, 2019.

## Post-retirement, non-pension benefit plans

Post-retirement benefits, consisting of basic health care and dental coverage, are available to employees retiring from the TTC with at least ten years of service and with a pension from the TTC Pension plan. Dental benefits are limited to employees retiring on or after January 1, 2003.

For the post-retirement benefit plans, the effective date of the most recent actuarial valuation was January 1, 2018. This valuation was used to project the accrued benefit obligations and costs for the current year end. The next actuarial valuation for the post-retirement benefit plans is expected to be performed as at January 1, 2021.

## Supplemental pension plans

The TTC and plan members participate in supplemental pension plans. These plans provide pension benefits which the TTC pension plan cannot provide because of the limits imposed by the Income Tax Act. These pension benefits automatically reflect changes that are made to the TTC Pension plan.

The funded supplemental pension plan has been accounted for as a defined benefit plan and the TTC has recognized 100% of the plan's pension expense, assets and obligation. The funded supplemental pension plan's assets consist of 55% (December 31, 2017 - 58%) cash and equity index pooled funds which are carried at market and 45% (December 31, 2017 - 42%) deposit in a Canada Revenue Agency non-interest bearing refundable tax account. The effective date of the most recent actuarial valuation for funding purposes was January 1, 2018. The next actuarial valuation for funding purposes is expected to be performed as at January 1, 2019. The effective date of the most recent valuation for accounting purposes was December 31, 2018.

## **TTC Pension Fund**

The TTC participates in a defined benefit pension plan ("TTC Pension Fund"). The TTC Pension Fund is administered by the Toronto Transit Commission Pension Fund Society (the "Society"), a separate legal entity. The Board of Directors of the Society consists of 10 voting members, five of whom are appointed from the Toronto Transit Commission and five are appointed from the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 113 (ATU). Pursuant to the Sponsors Agreement between the ATU and the TTC, the TTC Pension Fund was registered as a Jointly Sponsored Pension Plan (JSPP) effective January 1, 2011.

The plan is accounted for as a joint defined benefit plan as the TTC and its employees jointly share the risks in the plan and share control of decisions related to the plan administration and to the level of benefits and contributions on an ongoing basis. The TTC is required to account for its portion of the plan (i.e. 50%) and has therefore, recognized 50% of the pension expense incurred during the year and 50% of the plan's assets and obligation.

The plan covers substantially all employees of the TTC who have completed six months of continuous service. Under the Plan, contributions are made by the plan members and matched by the TTC. The contribution rates are set by the Board, subject to the funding requirements determined in the actuarial report and subject to the limitations in the Sponsors Agreements between the ATU and the TTC.

The plan provides pensions to members, based on a formula that factors in the length of credited service and best four years of pensionable earnings up to a base year. A formula exists that sets a target for pensioner increases. The Board of Directors of the Society make decisions with respect to affordable pension formula updates, pension indexing and plan improvements based on the results of the most recent funding valuation and the priorities set out in the plan's by-laws and funding policy.

Effective January 1, 2018, the base year for the TTC pension plan and the funded supplemental pension plans was updated to December 31, 2017 from December 31, 2016. In addition, an ad hoc increase of up to 1.56% (December 31, 2017 – 1.35%) was granted to all pensioners. The TTC's share of the prior service cost of these plan amendments have been reflected in the consolidated statement of operations.

The effective date of the most recent actuarial valuation for funding purposes for the TTC Pension Fund was January 1, 2018. The next required actuarial valuation for funding purposes will be performed as at January 1, 2021. The effective date of the most recent valuation for accounting purposes was December 31, 2018.

The continuity of the change in the employee benefit liabilities/(asset) including expenses recognized in 2018 is as follows:

| \$000s   | Post-<br>Employment<br>Plans | Post-<br>Retirement<br>Non-Pension<br>Plans | Supplemental<br>Pension Plans | Total<br>employee<br>benefit<br>liabilities | TTC Pension<br>Fund |
|--|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Accrued benefit liability (asset) balance, beginning of the year | 234,086                      | 453,676                                     | (591)                         | 687,171                                     | <u>-</u>            |
| Current service cost<br>Interest cost                            | 25,403<br>4,985              | 25,442<br>14,233                            | 87<br>(18)                    | 50,932<br>19,200                            | 80,565<br>(37,528)  |
| Amortization of actuarial (gains)/losses:*                       | (13,189)                     | 6,443                                       | 296                           | (6,450)                                     | (48,981)            |
| Plan amendments  | 7,595                        | 1,869                                       | 755                           | 10,219                                      | 39,708              |
| Change in valuation allowance                                    | -                            | -   | -                             | -   | 86,162              |
| Total expenses   | 24,794                       | 47,987                                      | 1,120                         | 73,901                                      | 119,926             |
| Benefits paid  | (27,143)                     | (11,627)                                    | (179)                         | (38,949)                                    | -                   |
| Employer contributions   |                              | _   | (2,033)                       | (2,033)                                     | (119,926)           |
| Accrued benefit liability (asset) balance, end of the year       | 231,737                      | 490,036                                     | (1,683)                       | 720,090                                     | -                   |

<sup>\*</sup>Post employment plans (\$13,189) includes recognition of an unamortized gain of \$7,595 applied against the cost of the plan amendments.

<sup>\*</sup>Post retirement non-pension plans \$6,443 includes recognition of an unamortized gain of \$1,869 applied against the cost of the plan amendments.

<sup>\*</sup>TTC Pension Fund (\$48,981) includes of an unamortized gain of \$39,708 applied against the cost of the plan amendments.

The continuity of the change in the employee benefit liabilities/(asset) including expenses recognized in 2017 is as follows:

|  | Post-      | Post-       | Supplemental  | Total       | TTC Pension |
|--|------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| \$000a   | Employment | Retirement  | Pension Plans | employee    | Fund        |
| \$000s   | Plans      | Non-Pension |               | benefit     |             |
|  |            | Plans       |               | liabilities |             |
| Accrued benefit liability (asset) balance, beginning of the year | 229,359    | 404,454     | (410)         | 633,403     | -           |
|  |            |             |               |             |             |
| Current service cost   | 28,318     | 26,302      | 91            | 54,711      | 87,252      |
| Interest cost  | 5,215      | 17,875      | 92            | 23,182      | (18,739)    |
| Amortization of actuarial  |            |             |               |             |             |
| (gains)/losses:*   | (3,732)    | 14,877      | 277           | 11,422      | (57,429)    |
| Plan amendments  | -          | -           | 796           | 796         | 37,880      |
| Change in valuation allowance                                    | -          | -           | -             | -           | 68,070      |
| Total expenses   | 29,801     | 59,054      | 1,256         | 90,111      | 117,034     |
| Benefits paid  | (25,074)   | (9,832)     | (186)         | (35,092)    | -           |
| Employer contributions   | -          | -           | (1,251)       | (1,251)     | (117,034)   |
| Accrued benefit liability (asset) balance, end of the year       | 234,086    | 453,676     | (591)         | 687,171     | -           |

<sup>\*</sup>TTC Pension Fund (\$57,429) includes recognition of an unamortized gain of \$37,880 applied against the cost of the plan amendments.

The following table summarizes the employee future benefit costs included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus:

| \$000s  | 2018     | 2017     |
|---|----------|----------|
| Cost of TTC Pension Fund contributions  | 119,926  | 117,034  |
| Net cost of TTC Pension   | 119,926  | 117,034  |
| Cost of other benefit plans   | 73,901   | 90,111   |
| Total cost of plans   | 193,827  | 207,145  |
| Less: costs allocated to capital assets   | (25,158) | (26,893) |
| Total employee future benefit costs includes wages, salaries and                            |          |          |
| benefits in note 15 and in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus | 168,669  | 180,252  |

The TTC's portion of the assets in the TTC Pension Fund is carried at market value. As the TTC cannot withdraw the surplus to reduce its contributions, the expected benefit of a surplus is nil and therefore, a valuation allowance of \$561.5 million (December 31, 2017 - \$475.4 million) is required to reduce the accrued benefit asset to either the value of the net unamortized actuarial losses (if any) or to the value of the fund surplus less net unamortized gains.

Reconciliation of funded status to the employee benefit liabilities and asset as at December 31, 2018 is as follows:

| \$000s                              | Post-      | Post-       | Supplemental  | Total       | TTC Pension |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                     | Employment | Retirement  | Pension Plans | employee    | Fund        |
|                                     | Plans      | Non-Pension |               | benefit     |             |
|                                     |            | Plans       |               | liabilities |             |
| Fair value of plan assets           | -          | -           | 16,108        | 16,108      | 3,268,203   |
| Accrued benefit obligations         | 193,034    | 479,858     | 17,642        | 690,534     | 2,687,053   |
| Funded status–(deficit)/<br>surplus | (193,034)  | (479,858)   | (1,534)       | (674,426)   | 581,150     |
| Unamortized<br>(gains)/losses       | (38,703)   | (10,178)    | 3,217         | (45,664)    | (19,608)    |
| Accrued benefit (liability)/ asset  | (231,737)  | (490,036)   | 1,683         | (720,090)   | 561,542     |
| Valuation allowance                 | -          | -           | -             | -           | (561,542)   |
| Employee benefit (liability)        | (231,737)  | (490,036)   | 1,683         | (720,090)   | -           |

Reconciliation of funded status to the employee benefit liabilities and asset as at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

| \$000s                              | Post-      | Post-       |               | Total       | TTC Pension |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                     | Employment | Retirement  | Pension Plans | employee    | Fund        |
|                                     | Plans      | Non-Pension |               | benefit     |             |
|                                     |            | Plans       |               | liabilities |             |
| Fair value of plan assets           | -          | -           | 14,852        | 14,852      | 3,323,139   |
| Accrued benefit obligations         | 188,110    | 579,557     | 15,061        | 782,728     | 2,637,360   |
| Funded status–(deficit)/<br>surplus | (188,110)  | (579,557)   | (209)         | (767,876)   | 685,779     |
| Unamortized<br>(gains)/losses       | (45,976)   | 125,881     | 800           | 80,705      | (210,399)   |
| Accrued benefit (liability)/ asset  | (234,086)  | (453,676)   | 591           | (687,171)   | 475,380     |
| Valuation allowance                 | -          | -           | -             | -           | (475,380)   |
| Employee benefit (liability)        | (234,086)  | (453,676)   | 591           | (687,171)   | -           |

The continuity of the change in the accrued benefit obligation including costs recognized in 2018 is as follows:

| \$000s                         | Post-<br>Employment<br>Plans |           | Supplemental<br>Pension Plans | Total<br>employee<br>benefit<br>liabilities | TTC Pension<br>Fund |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year | 188,110                      | 579,557   | 15,061                        | 782,728                                     | 2,637,360           |
| Current service cost           | 25,403                       | 25,442    | 87                            | 50,932                                      | 80,565              |
| Interest cost                  | 4,985                        | 14,233    | 525                           | 19,743                                      | 160,650             |
| Loss/(gain) on the obligation  | (5,916)                      | (129,616) | 1,898                         | (133,634)                                   | (70,973)            |
| Employee contributions         | -                            | -         | 131                           | 131   | -                   |
| Benefits paid                  | (27,143)                     | (11,627)  | (815)                         | (39,585)                                    | (160,257)           |
| Plan amendments                | 7,595                        | 1,869     | `755                          | 10,219                                      | 39,708              |
| Balance, end of the year       | 193,034                      | 479,858   | 17,642                        | 690,534                                     | 2,687,053           |

The continuity of the change in the accrued benefit obligation including costs recognized in 2017 is as follows:

| \$000s                                | Post-<br>Employment<br>Plans | Post-<br>Retirement<br>Non-Pension<br>Plans | Supplemental<br>Pension Plans | Total<br>employee<br>benefit<br>liabilities | TTC Pension<br>Fund |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year        | 196,245                      | 517,022                                     | 13,800                        | 727,067                                     | 2,660,589           |
| Current service cost<br>Interest cost | 28,318<br>5,215              | 26,302<br>17,875                            | 91<br>577                     | 54,711<br>23,667                            | 87,252<br>149,216   |
| Loss/(gain) on the obligation         | (16,594)                     | 28,190                                      | 544                           | 12,140                                      | (152,183)           |
| Employee contributions                | -                            | -   | 125                           | 125   | -                   |
| Benefits paid Plan amendments         | (25,074)                     | (9,832)                                     | (872)<br>796                  | (35,778)<br>796                             | (145,394)<br>37,880 |
| Balance, end of the year              | 188,110                      | 579,557                                     | 15,061                        | 782,728                                     | 2,637,360           |

The continuity of the plan assets for the funded pension plans in 2018 is as follows:

| \$0000                                      | Supplemental | TTC Pension  |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| \$000s                                      | Pension Plan | Fund         |
| Balance, beginning of the year              | 14,852       | 3,323,139    |
| Employee contributions                      | 131          | <del>-</del> |
| Employer contributions                      | 2,033        | 119,926      |
| Expected return on plan assets              | 545          | 198,178      |
| Excess (shortfall) on return on plan assets | (816)        | (212,783)    |
| Benefits paid                               | (636)        | (160,257)    |
| Balance, end of the year                    | 16,109       | 3,268,203    |

The continuity of the plan assets for the funded pension plans in 2017 is as follows:

| \$000s                                      | Supplemental | TTC Pension |
|---|--------------|-------------|
|   | Pension Plan | Fund        |
| Balance, beginning of the year              | 13,266       | 3,067,899   |
| Employee contributions                      | 125          | -           |
| Employer contributions                      | 1,251        | 117,034     |
| Expected return on plan assets              | 485          | 167,955     |
| Excess (shortfall) on return on plan assets | 411          | 115,645     |
| Benefits paid                               | (686)        | (145,394)   |
| Balance, end of the year                    | 14,852       | 3,323,139   |

Significant assumptions used in accounting for employee benefits are as follows:

|   | 2018               | 2017           |
|---|--------------------|----------------|
| Accrued benefit obligations as at December 31:        |                    |                |
| Discount rate for post-employment plans               | 2.9% to 3.1%       | 2.8% to 3.0%   |
| Discount rate for post-retirement, non-pension plans  | 3.40%              | 3.20%          |
| Discount rate for supplemental pension plans          | 3.1% to 3.75%      | 2.9% to 3.75%  |
| Discount rate for TTC Pension Fund                    | 6.00%              | 5.50%          |
| Rate of increase in earnings                          | 1.75% to 3.25%     | 3.21% to 3.25% |
| Benefit costs for the years ended December 31:        |                    |                |
| Discount rate for post-employment plans               | 2.8% to 3.0%       | 2.7% to 3.1%   |
| Discount rate for post-retirement, non-pension plans  | 3.20%              | 3.50%          |
| Discount rate for supplemental pension plans          | 2.9% to 3.75%      | 3.1% to 3.75%  |
| Discount rate for TTC Pension Fund                    | 5.50%              | 5.50%          |
| Rate of increase in earnings                          | 3.21% to 3.25%     | 2.25% to 3.25% |
| Expected rate of return on assets, supplemental       | 3.75%              | 3.75%          |
| Actual rate of return on assets, supplemental pension | <del>-</del> 1.70% | 6.60%          |
| Expected rate of return on assets, TTC Pension Fund   | 6.00%              | 5.50%          |
| Actual rate of return on assets, TTC Pension Fund     | -0.40%             | 8.90%          |

The TTC's annual rate of growth for post-retirement drug costs was estimated between 8.7% and 10.8% depending on the member's age, for both males and females (December 31, 2017 - 13.6% for males and 11.4% for females). These rates consist of a drug trend rate of 6.5% (December 31, 2017 - 6.7%) per annum grading down to 4.0% per annum (December 31, 2017 - 4.5%) in 2040 (December 31, 2017 - 2030) and aging factors that vary between 4.3% at age 50 to 2.2% at age 64 – for both males and females (December 31, 2017 - 6.9% for males and 4.7% for females at all ages up to age 65). The annual rate of growth for post-retirement dental costs was estimated at 4.0% per annum (December 31, 2017 - 4.0%).

Total financial status of the TTC Pension Fund as at December 31 is as follows:

| \$000s                      | 2018      | 2017      |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Fair value of plan assets   | 6,536,405 | 6,646,278 |
| Accrued benefit obligations | 5,374,106 | 5,274,719 |
| Funded status – surplus     | 1,162,299 | 1,371,559 |

## 10. ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES

As an operator of diesel buses that are refuelled on property and an enterprise that repairs and rebuilds buses and other rolling stock, the TTC and its subsidiaries are subject to various federal, provincial and municipal laws and regulations related to the environment. The TTC is also subject to health and safety legislation, including maintenance of facilities where asbestos has been applied. Environmental advisors and specialists are retained to support the TTC's investigative and remedial efforts.

The amount accrued represents the estimated costs of remediating, monitoring and containing known contamination, including airborne contamination on sites for which the TTC is responsible. The estimate of environmental liabilities is based on a number of factors, such as the site conditions, type of contaminants and the anticipated results of monitoring and therefore the actual costs may vary. The estimated amounts of future costs are reviewed regularly, based on available information and governing legislation.

### 11, TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

The cost of tangible capital assets is as follows:

| \$000s                      |            | Cost D     | ecember 31, | 2018        | _          |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
|                             |            | Additions, |             |             |            |
|                             | Beginning  | net of     | Disposals   | Write-downs | Ending     |
|                             |            | transfers  |             |             |            |
| Subways                     | 3,689,944  | 99,247     | -           | =           | 3,789,191  |
| Buildings & structures      | 3,490,060  | 396,857    | -           | -           | 3,886,917  |
| Rolling stock               | 2,807,388  | 317,295    | (50,003)    | =           | 3,074,680  |
| Buses                       | 1,915,278  | 302,763    | (207,230)   | -           | 2,010,811  |
| Trackwork                   | 2,022,418  | 69,242     | -           | -           | 2,091,660  |
| Other equipment             | 1,070,737  | 129,688    | (2,178)     | -           | 1,198,247  |
| Traction power distribution | 608,732    | 64,239     | _           | -           | 672,971    |
| Land                        | 12,854     | -          | _           | -           | 12,854     |
| Construction in progress    | 2,052,446  | (38,403)   | -           | (1,351)     | 2,012,692  |
| Total                       | 17,669,857 | 1,340,928  | (259,411)   | (1,351)     | 18,750,023 |

| \$000s                      | Cost December 31, 2017 |             |           |             |            |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
|                             | Beginning              | Additions,  | Disposals | Write-downs | Ending     |
|                             |                        | net of      |           |             |            |
|                             |                        | transfers   |           |             |            |
| Subways                     | 2,767,977              | 921,967     | -         | -           | 3,689,944  |
| Buildings & structures      | 2,052,586              | 1,437,474   | -         | -           | 3,490,060  |
| Rolling stock               | 2,575,672              | 238,710     | (6,994)   | -           | 2,807,388  |
| Buses                       | 1,775,523              | 243,354     | (103,599) | -           | 1,915,278  |
| Trackwork                   | 1,866,992              | 155,426     | -         | -           | 2,022,418  |
| Other equipment             | 926,636                | 146,836     | (2,735)   | -           | 1,070,737  |
| Traction power distribution | 514,384                | 94,348      | -         | -           | 608,732    |
| Land                        | 12,854                 | -           | -         | -           | 12,854     |
| Construction in progress    | 3,888,842              | (1,836,084) | -         | (312)       | 2,052,446  |
| Total                       | 16,381,466             | 1,402,031   | (113,328) | (312)       | 17,669,857 |

The accumulated amortization for tangible capital assets is:

| \$000s                      | Accumulated amortization December 31, 2018 |              |            |           |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------|------------|-----------|--|
|                             | Beginning                                  | Amortization | Disposals  | Ending    |  |
| Subways                     | 1,364,603                                  | 63,090       | -          | 1,427,693 |  |
| Buildings & structures      | 697,550                                    | 105,587      | -          | 803,137   |  |
| Rolling stock               | 1,194,581                                  | 120,436      | (50,003)   | 1,265,014 |  |
| Buses                       | 1,120,471                                  | 160,643      | (207, 137) | 1,073,977 |  |
| Trackwork                   | 1,379,023                                  | 50,706       | _          | 1,429,729 |  |
| Other equipment             | 719,190                                    | 60,966       | (2,178)    | 777,978   |  |
| Traction power distribution | 307,581                                    | 17,236       | -          | 324,817   |  |
| Total                       | 6,782,999                                  | 578,664      | (259,318)  | 7,102,345 |  |

| \$000s                      | Accumulated amortization December 31, 2017 |              |           |           |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------|-----------|-----------|--|
|                             | Beginning                                  | Amortization | Disposals | Ending    |  |
| Subways                     | 1,311,751                                  | 52,852       | -         | 1,364,603 |  |
| Buildings & structures      | 618,002                                    | 79,548       | -         | 697,550   |  |
| Rolling stock               | 1,098,033                                  | 103,542      | (6,994)   | 1,194,581 |  |
| Buses                       | 1,077,640                                  | 142,869      | (100,038) | 1,120,471 |  |
| Trackwork                   | 1,325,538                                  | 53,485       | -         | 1,379,023 |  |
| Other equipment             | 673,335                                    | 48,590       | (2,735)   | 719,190   |  |
| Traction power distribution | 293,608                                    | 13,973       | -         | 307,581   |  |
| Total                       | 6,397,907                                  | 494,859      | (109,767) | 6,782,999 |  |

Based on above, net book value as at December 31 is:

| \$000s                      | Net book Net boo<br>value 2018 |            |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| Subways                     | 2,361,498                      | 2,325,341  |  |
| Buildings & structures      | 3,083,780                      | 2,792,510  |  |
| Rolling stock               | 1,809,666                      | 1,612,807  |  |
| Buses                       | 936,834                        | 794,807    |  |
| Trackwork                   | 661,931                        | 643,395    |  |
| Other equipment             | 420,269                        | 351,547    |  |
| Traction power distribution | 348,154                        | 301,151    |  |
| Land                        | 12,854                         | 12,854     |  |
| Construction in progress    | 2,012,692                      | 2,052,446  |  |
| Total                       | 11,647,678                     | 10,886,858 |  |

These costs include the capitalization of certain internal costs as described in note 2h.

## 12. ACCUMULATED OPERATING SURPLUS

Accumulated operating surplus as at December 31 consists of:

| \$000s   | 2018       | 2017       |
|--|------------|------------|
| Invested in tangible capital asset                     | 11,560,799 | 10,765,607 |
| Accumulated surplus (deficit) from TTC Subsidiaries    | (1,599)    | (2,138)    |
| Accumulated surplus generated through operating budget | 14,141     | 14,141     |
| Total  | 11,573,341 | 10,777,610 |

The amount reported in the table regarding tangible capital assets represents the net book value of capital assets, that have been funded through past capital subsidy and contributions to capital from operating sources. The variance between this amount and the amount reported in note 11, \$86.9 million (2017 – \$121.2 million) primarily represents the net book value of capital assets that have been funded by the TTC. Of this, \$85.3 million (2017 – \$119.1 million) will be recovered through future subsidies. The remaining \$1.6 million (2017 – \$2.1 million) represents the net book value of capital assets used for the operation of the Toronto Coach Terminal Inc.

## 13. OPERATING SUBSIDIES

The sources of operating subsidies for the year ended December 31 are as follows:

| \$000s                          |              |             | 2018    | 2017    |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------|---------|
|                                 | Conventional | Wheel-Trans | Total   | Total   |
| - Provincial Gas Tax (note 14b) | 91,600       | -           | 91,600  | 91,600  |
| - City of Toronto               | 485,340      | 133,827     | 619,167 | 496,704 |
| Total operating subsidies       | 576,940      | 133,827     | 710,767 | 588,304 |

The total City operating subsidy amount is established as part of the City's annual budget process. The City allocated \$91.6 million (2017 – \$91.6 million) to the TTC's operating budget from the provincial gas tax (see note 14b).

City of Toronto subsidy

| \$000s                                     |              |             | 2018     | 2017     |
|--|--------------|-------------|----------|----------|
|  | Conventional | Wheel-Trans | Total    | Total    |
| Operating subsidy from the City of Toronto | 485,340      | 133,827     | 619,167  | 496,704  |
| City special costs                         | 5,136        | -           | 5,136    | 4,747    |
| Future recoverable amounts                 |              |             |          |          |
| Reduction in accident claims               | 11,827       | 110         | 11,937   | 35,620   |
| Post-retirement benefit liabilities        | (29,972)     | (1,422)     | (31,394) | (42,331) |
|  | 472,331      | 132,515     | 604,846  | 494,740  |
| Net contributions to/(draws from):         |              |             |          |          |
| TTC Stabilization Reserve Fund             | 6,900        | -           | 6,900    | _        |
| Long Term Liability Reserve Fund           | 12,425       | 184         | 12,609   | 14,488   |
| Total City of Toronto operating            | 491,656      | 132,699     | 624,355  | 509,228  |
| (in accounts of the City of Toronto)       | •            | ·           |          |          |

City special costs represent subsidies reflected in the City's budget that are not included in the TTC's operating subsidy but relate to the TTC. They include rents and taxes on commuter parking lots and costs associated with certain subsidized passengers.

The future recoverable amounts reflect the delayed payment of operating subsidy for the non-cash portion of certain employee future benefits and accident claims (note 5).

For details related to the TTC Long Term Liability Reserve Fund, see note 17 City of Toronto Reserves and Reserve Funds.

## 14. CAPITAL SUBSIDIES

Capital subsidies for the year ended December 31 are as follows:

| \$000s                         | 2018      | 2017      |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Source of capital subsidies:   |           |           |
| - City of Toronto              | 830,755   | 900,196   |
| - Province of Ontario          | 128,488   | 101,661   |
| - Federal Government of Canada | 393,573   | 381,565   |
| - Other                        | 15        | 1,773     |
| Total capital subsidies        | 1,352,831 | 1,385,195 |

## a. City of Toronto

The City is responsible for ensuring full funding of the TTC's capital program. In accordance with the Municipal Act, any funding for the TTC's capital program from other governments flows through the City. As such, the TTC has claimed from the City a total 2018 capital subsidy of \$1,352.8 million (2017 – \$1,385.2 million). Amounts claimed from the City do not include a \$49.6 million expenditure (2017 – \$7.0 million) for property purchased and owned by the City, but for the jurisdictional use of the TTC.

The following disclosures regarding subsidy claims from the Provincial and Federal governments are based on the City's and the TTC's understanding of the various agreements and commitments.

## Toronto York Spadina Extension Project

The City acts as the bank for the Toronto-York Spadina Subway Extension ("TYSSE") project, under a joint funding relationship with the Province through the Move Ontario Trust ("MOT"), the Federal Government under the Building Canada Funding program and the municipalities of the City of Toronto and the Region of York. In 2018, \$149.7 million (2017 – \$375.4 million) was recognized as subsidy with respect to this project and the amount is presented in the above table as a City of Toronto subsidy. The City will recover these funds from the project's funding partners.

The Province approved funding of \$870 million (March 2006 and January 2008) for the TYSSE into York Region with a project cost of \$2.6 billion and this funding was deposited in the MOT. On March 6, 2007, the Federal Government announced that it would contribute funding for the TYSSE into York Region with the amount capped at \$697 million for the project.

The TTC incurs project expenditures and then submits a capital billing for the full project cost to the City. Each month the Executive Task Force, which is the joint Toronto/York governing body, submits a funding request to each of the MOT and the municipalities (City of Toronto and Region of York) to claim for each party's appropriate share of project funding. The MOT is also billed for a working capital draw to ensure that sufficient funds are available to cover ongoing project cash flows. Funding claims are prepared each month to the Federal Government and payments flow to the City, upon submission and approval of appropriate contracts and claims prepared by the TTC.

### b. Province of Ontario

Capital subsidies claimed under the various provincial programs for the year ended December 31 are as follows:

| \$000s                             | 2018    | 2017    |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Source of capital subsidies:       |         | _       |
| - Gas Tax                          | 70,050  | 75,224  |
| - LRV Car Project                  | 58,438  | 25,517  |
| - Metrolinx Quick Wins             | -       | 920     |
| Total provincial capital subsidies | 128,488 | 101,661 |

## Provincial Gas Tax (PGT)

In October 2004, the Province introduced gas tax funding to municipalities for public transit. Commencing at 1¢/litre, the funding is based on a province-wide 70% ridership and 30% population allocation base, updated annually. The funding rate increased to 1.5¢/litre, effective October 2005, and then to 2¢/litre, effective October 2006. Of the anticipated \$184.2 million (2017 – \$179.1 million) in Provincial Gas Tax funding available in 2018, the City has directed \$91.6 million (2017 – \$91.6 million) toward the TTC's operating needs (note 13) and \$70.0 million (2017 – \$75.2 million) applied to capital needs. The remaining PGT funding of \$22.6 million (2017 - \$12.3 million) is contributed to the PGT reserve fund (note 17).

## LRV Car Project

On June 19, 2009 the Province of Ontario confirmed that it would provide one-third funding for the 204 LRV Car Project (up to \$417 million) and this funding flows on the basis of contract milestone payments. A Transfer Payment Agreement between the Province, City of Toronto and TTC was signed in January 2013. Funding of \$264.5 million (2017 - \$206.1 million) has been recognized against the project to date including \$58.4 million for 2018 (2017 – \$25.5 million).

## Metrolinx (Quick Wins)

In its March 2008 budget, the Province confirmed the Quick Wins funding package of projects as previously approved by Metrolinx in November 2007. Provincial payments totaling \$452.5 million were received by the City in March 2008 and placed in a City reserve to be applied against the approved Quick Wins projects. Funding of \$415.9 million has been recognized by the TTC for the eligible expenditures to date, including \$nil applied to capital projects in 2018 (2017 – \$0.9 million), with the remaining funds attributable to the subway capacity projects.

## Metrolinx (Transit Expansion)

On April 1, 2009, the Province of Ontario announced funding for the following Transit Expansion lines: SRT (\$1.4 billion), Finch West LRT (\$1.2 billion), and Eglinton Crosstown LRT (\$4.6 billion). Subsequently, on May 15, 2009, the Province of Ontario and the Government of Canada announced \$950 million in funding for the Sheppard East LRT. It was intended that the City would not be required to contribute toward the cost of these lines. Discussions with Metrolinx had resulted in consensus at the staff level in mid-2010 with respect to the development of a series of agreements required to confirm the timing, scope, magnitude, and governance issues associated with each of these lines and to set out the TTC's responsibilities for program and project management. Under this arrangement, TTC initially incurs the costs relating to the construction of the asset on behalf of Metrolinx, and full recovery of costs from Metrolinx occurs through the City of Toronto. Project funding of \$19.7 million has been drawn through the City for 2018 expenditures (2017 – \$18.2 million) for costs incurred by the TTC in 2018 and the eligible expenditures to date are \$326.6 million on the approved lines. Since Metrolinx will retain ownership of the assets, these amounts along with any associated capital assets, have not been recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

## c. Federal Government of Canada

Capital subsidies claimed under the various federal programs for the year ended December 31 are as follows:

| \$000s                               | 2018    | 2017    |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Source of capital subsidies:         |         |         |
| - Gas tax funding                    | 167,421 | 159,811 |
| - Public Transit Infrastructure Fund | 226,152 | 221,754 |
| Total federal capital subsidies      | 393,573 | 381,565 |

## Federal Gas Tax

In June 2005, a joint announcement by the Federal, Provincial, and City of Toronto governments and the Association of Municipalities of Ontario was made in connection with the signing of two federal gas tax funding agreements under the "New Deal for Cities and Communities". The gas tax funding is allocated on a per capita basis for environmentally sustainable municipal infrastructure, growing from 2.5¢/litre in 2008 to 5¢/litre in 2009. In 2008 the Federal Government announced that gas tax funding had been made a permanent measure and in 2009 an extended framework agreement was signed for the 4-year period 2010-2013 (based on updated 2006 Census population). In 2014, a new, permanent agreement for the 10-year period 2014-2023 was signed and 2014–2018 allocations are based on the updated 2011 Census population. Allocations from 2019–2023 will be updated to reflect the 2016 Census data. Ontario's allocation of this funding to municipalities is based on population and the City received \$167.4 million in 2018 (2017 – \$159.8 million) under this program. This amount was allocated to the TTC.

## Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF)

In March 2016, the federal government announced an investment of \$11.9 billion in transit infrastructure across Canada over five years to upgrade and improve public transit systems. Phase I of the PTIF, spanning 3 years, commits approximately \$3.4 billion across Canada to be distributed based on a nation-wide 70% ridership and 30% population allocation base. The total Phase I Federal PTIF allocation announced for the City of Toronto is in the order of \$1.712 billion of which funding will be split equally (50%/50%) between the Federal government and City of Toronto. The Toronto Transit Commission was allocated \$1.363 billion (\$681 million federal PTIF share). Through revisions to the TTC/City's PTIF project lists in 2018, the TTC's PTIF funding allocation was increased to \$1.619 billion (\$784 million PTIF Federal share). To date, federal funding for the eligible expenditures incurred amounts to \$530 million (2017 - \$304.8), of which \$226.1 million has been accrued in 2018 (2017 – \$221.8 million).

## d. Other

Other funding of \$0.02 million (2017 – \$1.8 million) includes specific purpose third-party agreements with various organizations.

### 15, EXPENSES BY OBJECT

Expenses by object for the year ended December 31 comprise the following:

| \$000s                                       | 2018      | 2017      |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Wages, salaries and benefits                 | 1,397,379 | 1,356,000 |
| Materials, services and supplies             | 292,110   | 252,172   |
| Vehicle fuel                                 | 79,502    | 80,871    |
| Wheel-Trans contract services                | 61,216    | 59,362    |
| Electric traction power                      | 52,144    | 50,492    |
| Utilities                                    | 25,630    | 26,351    |
| Accident claims & insurance                  | 16,011    | (11,180)  |
| Amortization (operating budget)              | 25,446    | 26,006    |
| Amortization (assets funded through capital) | 553,218   | 468,853   |
| Total Expenses                               | 2,502,656 | 2,308,927 |

#### 16. BUDGET DATA

Budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements is based upon the 2018 operating and capital budgets approved by the TTC Board and the Board of the Toronto Coach Terminal Inc. Adjustments are required to provide comparative budget values for the year-end actual results based on an accrual basis of accounting. The chart below reconciles the approved budget with the budget figures as presented in these consolidated financial statements.

| \$000s                                    | Conventional | Wheel-Trans | Other | Total     |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------|-----------|
| Total expenses, per approved current year | 1,843,053    | 152,855     | 594   | 1,996,502 |
| Other recoverable expenses                | 49,010       | 2,050       | -     | 51,060    |
| Amortization of previously subsidized     | 544,218      | 9,000       | -     | 553,218   |
| Total budgeted expenses per               | 2,436,281    | 163,905     | 594   | 2,600,780 |

Other recoverable expenses are certain non-cash employee benefits and accident claim expenses that will be funded in the future (see note 5).

## 17. CITY OF TORONTO RESERVES AND RESERVE FUNDS

In its accounts, the City maintains interest bearing Reserve Funds, and non-interest bearing Reserves comprised of funds set aside by City Council for specific purposes. Included in these Reserves and Reserve Funds are amounts which the City has received from the Province of Ontario which are earmarked for TTC projects. Contributions to and draws from these Reserves and Reserve Funds are made by the TTC, or the City, upon approval by City Council. As a result, contributions to and draws from the Reserves and Reserve Funds do not necessarily correspond to the year in which the related expenditure was incurred by the TTC. In order for the TTC to draw on these Reserves and Reserve Funds, they are required to incur the related expenditures. In 2018, the average interest rate applicable to Reserve Funds was approximately 1.1% (2017 - 0.5%).

In order to facilitate the reconciliation to the City's balances, only those contributions and withdrawals that had been approved by City Council as of the date of the consolidated financial statements are reported in the table.

The balances and transactions related to the Reserves and Reserve Funds are presented in the following two tables.

## Reserves and Reserve Funds originating from TTC operating surpluses or operating subsidies

| \$000s                         | Stabilization<br>Reserve | Land<br>Acquisition | Long Term<br>Liability | 2018<br>Total | 2017<br>Total |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year | 15,391                   | 665                 | 25,479                 | 41,535        | 26,991        |
| Net contributions              | 6,900                    | _                   | 12,610                 | 19,510        | 14,489        |
| Interest earned                | -                        | 7                   | 274                    | 281           | 55            |
| Balance, end of the year       | 22,291                   | 672                 | 38,363                 | 61,326        | 41,535        |

### Stabilization Reserve

The Stabilization Reserve Fund was created to stabilize the funding of TTC's operating expenditures over time. Any operating deficits, to the limit of the reserve balance and after approval from City Council, may be covered by a draw from this reserve. There were no draws made in 2018 and 2017.

In 2018, City Council authorized an one time contribution of \$6.9 million to the Stabilization Reserve Fund based on a one time recovery from Metrolinx to cover for future TTC operating costs, with the funds to be withdrawn annually over a 15 year period starting in 2019.

## Land Acquisition Reserve Fund

The Land Acquisition Reserve Fund was created to fund future land acquisitions by the City for TTC's use. No draws were made in 2018 and 2017.

## Long Term Liability Reserve Fund

The Long Term Liability Reserve Fund was created in 2014 to ensure funding for the TTC's long-term liability for unsettled accident claims.

In 2018, City Council authorized a contribution up to \$31.0 million (2017 – \$34.1 million) to the Long Term Liability Reserve Fund, to support actual accident claim payments at the time of the settlement. The amount contributed, net of the amounts required for payments was \$12.6 million (2017 – \$14.5 million).

## Reserve Funds for transit capital funding originating through the Province of Ontario

| \$000s                            |                      |        |           | 2018                 | 2017                 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                   | PGT                  | CSIF   | Quickwins | Total                | Total                |
| Balance, beginning of the year    | 15,891               | 15,708 | 57,017    | 88,616               | 76,875               |
| Provincial contributions<br>Draws | 184,222<br>(161,650) | -      | -         | 184,222<br>(161,650) | 179,133<br>(167,744) |
| Interest earned                   | 1,331                | 182    | 661       | 2,174                | 352                  |
| Balance, end of the year          | 39,794               | 15,890 | 57,678    | 113,362              | 88,616               |

## Provincial Gas Tax (PGT)

Of the \$184.2 million (2017 – \$179.1 million) in Provincial Gas Tax funding available in 2018, the City has directed \$91.6 million (2017 – \$91.6 million) toward the TTC's operating needs (note 13) with \$70 million (2017 – \$75.2 million) applied to capital needs. The year-end reserve fund balance of \$39.8 million (2017 – \$15.9 million) will be applied to future needs.

## Canada Strategic Infrastructure Reserve Fund (CSIF)

\$303.3 million was received from the CSIF program to fund TTC strategic capital projects. Over the life of the program, \$304.4 million has been applied to various projects. The \$15.9 million balance is compromised of accumulated interest. No funds were was drawn from this reserve fund in 2018 and 2017.

## MoveOntario 2020 (Quickwins) Reserve Fund

Provincial payments totaling \$452.5 million were received in March 2008 in support of the Metrolinx approved Quick Wins projects. Of the total payment received, plus accumulated interest of \$22.3 million, \$415.9 million has been applied to accumulated funding recognized by the TTC to date for capital expenditures, including \$nil drawn from the reserve fund in 2018 (2017 - \$0.9 million). The amount of \$57.7 million remaining in the reserve fund includes \$57.0 million in Capital Reserve funding which was received for 2009 capital expenditures but, based on direction from the City, is planned to be applied against the cost of capital debt until 2020 and therefore remains unapplied at the end of 2018.

### 18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- **a.** In the normal course of its operations, labour relations, and completion of capital projects, the TTC and its subsidiaries are subject to various arbitrations, litigations, and claims. Where the potential liability is determinable, management believes that the ultimate disposition of the matters will not materially exceed the amounts recorded in the accounts. In other cases, the ultimate outcome of the claims cannot be determined at this time. Any additional losses related to claims will be recorded in the period during which the liability is determinable. Amounts recorded in the accounts have not been disclosed in the financial statements as disclosure may adversely impact the outcome. Management's estimate is based on an analysis of specific claims and historical experience with similar construction-related claims.
- **b.** In August 2006, the Board approved purchasing 234 subway cars or 39 trainsets from Bombardier Transportation Canada Inc., the contract was awarded on December 21, 2006. Additional trainset purchases were approved by the Board in May 2010, and March 2014, and in June 2015 the Board authorized modification of four 6-car trainsets into six 4-car trainsets to support the conversion to ATC bringing the total delivery requirement to 82 trainsets. At December 31, 2018, the contract value is in total, \$1,512.4 million and 82 trainsets have been delivered. Costs incurred to date are \$1,467.3 million and the outstanding commitment is \$45.1 million.

- **c.** On April 2009, the Board approved the design and supply of 204 light rail vehicles (LRV). In June 2009, the contract was awarded to Bombardier Transportation Canada Inc. As of December 31, 2018, the contract value is in total, \$1,020.2 million and 126 LRV's have been delivered. Costs incurred to date are \$845.0 million, and the outstanding commitment is \$175.2 million.
- **d.** Between July 2012 and September 2017, the Board has authorized the purchase of a total of 1,073 low floor clean diesel buses. Contracts were awarded to Nova, a Division of Volvo Group Canada. At December 31, 2018, the contract values are in total \$753.0 million and 1,073 buses have been delivered. Costs incurred to date are \$737.5 million and the outstanding commitment is \$15.5 million.
- e. In July 2018, the Board approved the procurement of 200 hybrid electric buses, the contract was awarded to Nova, a Division of Volvo Group Canada. At December 31, 2018, the contract value is in total \$201.5 million, for delivery of 200 buses in 2020, no costs have been incurred to date and the outstanding commitment is \$201.5 million.
- **f.** In March 2017, and September 2017, Creative Carriage Ltd. was awarded contracts for the purchase of 128 low floor Wheel-Trans mini buses. As of December 31, 2018, contract values for Creative Carriage are in total \$23.6 million and 80 buses have been delivered. Costs incurred to date are \$13.2 million and the outstanding commitment is \$10.4 million.
- g.On November 13, 2017, the Board approved TTC's recommendation to exercise green technology contract options for the procurement of 30 battery electric buses and in June 2018, the quantity increased to 60 buses. In 2018 contracts were awarded to New Flyer Industries and BYD Canada for 30 buses in total. At December 31, 2018, contract values are in total \$39.4 million for delivery of 30 buses in 2019.Costs incurred to date are \$1.1 million and the outstanding commitment is \$38.3 million for the first 30 buses. Remaining procurement of 30 buses is anticipated in 2019.
- h. The TTC has contracts for the construction and implementation of various capital projects. At December 31, 2018, these contractual commitments are approximately \$588.5 million (2017 \$643.2 million). Of this amount, \$156.9 million (2017 \$172.7 million) was established as multi- component shared projects for Toronto-York Spadina Subway Extension project (TYSSE) and TTC; \$3.4 million relate to Scarborough Subway Extension (SSE), \$26.1 million (2017 \$42.0 million) relate to the TYSSE project and \$402.1 million (2017 \$428.5 million) relate to various TTC construction projects.
- i. The TTC could be exposed to significant or material contractual cancellation penalties if any of its commenced capital projects do not continue as planned.
- j. The TTC leases certain premises under operating lease agreements. The approximate future minimum annual lease payments are as follows:

| Total      | 269,296 |
|------------|---------|
| Thereafter | 152,410 |
| 2023       | 20,786  |
| 2022       | 23,996  |
| 2021       | 23,818  |
| 2020       | 25,661  |
| 2019       | 22,625  |
|            | \$000s  |

### 19. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

The comparative consolidated financial statements have been regrouped from statements previously presented to conform with the presentation adopted in 2018.

### **20. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On June 4, 2019, Ontario's government passed Bill 107, Getting Ontario Moving Act (Transportation Statute Law Amendment), 2019. Schedule 3 amends the Metrolinx Act, 2006, wherein the Lieutenant Governor in Council may prescribe that a rapid transit design, development or construction project is the sole responsibility of Metrolinx. If a rapid transit project is the sole responsibility of Metrolinx, the City of Toronto and its agencies, including the TTC cannot take further action on that project. Further, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may, by order, transfer to Metrolinx, with or without compensation, all or some of the City of Toronto's and its agencies' assets, liabilities, rights and obligations with respect to a project prescribed as a rapid transit project. TTC continues to work with provincial and municipal governments to determine the impact on existing construction in progress for expansion related projects.

Appendix 1: Consolidation schedule as at and for the year ended December 31, 2018

| \$000s   |  |   | TORONTO COACH   |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|
|  | TORONTO TRANSIT  | WHEEL-TRANS   | TERMINAL INC.   |  |
|  | COMMISSION (TTC)   | (WT)  | Consolidated (TCTI)   |  |
| STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  |  |   |   |  |
| FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents   | 99,253   | _   | 3,460   |  |
| Subsidies receivable   | 1,136,231  | -   | -   |  |
| Accounts receivable  | 81,761   | -   | 41  |  |
| Investment in subsidiary Portfolio investments   | 6,507<br>2,273   | -   |   |  |
| Derivative assets  |  | -   | -   |  |
| Indemnity receivable from the TTC  | -  | -   | 131,759   |  |
| Total financial assets   | 1,326,025  | •   | 135,260   |  |
| LIABILITIES  |  |   |   |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities   | 655,533  | -   | 255   |  |
| Deferred passenger revenue<br>Employee future benefits   | 53,905<br>720,090  | -   | -   |  |
| Unsettled accident claims  | 144,696  | -   | 131,759   |  |
| Environmental liabilities  | 7,144  | -   | 5.50-   |  |
| Due to parent Derivative liabilities   | 4,592  | -   | 5,507   |  |
| Intercompany AR/AP   | 3,177  | -   | 41  |  |
| Total liabilities  | 1,589,137  |   | 137,562   |  |
| NET DEBT   | (262 112)  |   | (2.303)   |  |
| NEI DEBI   | (263,112)  | -   | (2,302)   |  |
| NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS   |  |   |   |  |
| Tangible capital assets  | 11,646,064   | -   | 1,614   |  |
| Spare parts and supplies inventory Prepaid expense   | 142,885<br>44,512  | -   | -   |  |
| Total non-financial assets   | 11,833,461   |   | 1,614   |  |
|  | , ,  |   |   |  |
| Capital stock  | -  | -   | 1,000   |  |
| Accumulated surplus  | 11,570,349   |   | (1,688)   |  |
| ·  | · · ·  |   | ,   |  |
| STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS OPERATING REVENUE  |  |   |   |  |
| Passenger services   | 1,162,361  | 7,436   | <u>-</u>  |  |
| Advertising  | 28,380   | · -   | -   |  |
| Outside city services  | 6,817  | -   | 1 222   |  |
| Property rental Miscellaneous  | 20,640<br>7,992  | -   | 1,322<br>77   |  |
|  |  |   |   |  |
| Total operating revenue  | 1,226,190  | 7,436   | 1,399   |  |
|  | 1,226,190  | 7,436   | 1,399   |  |
| SUBSIDIES  |  | ,   | 1,399   |  |
|  | <b>1,226,190</b> 576,940 1,352,831   | <b>7,436</b> 133,827  | ,   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies  | 576,940  | ,   | -   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  | 576,940<br>1,352,831   | 133,827   | -<br>-  |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES  | 576,940<br>1,352,831   | 133,827   | -<br>-  |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies  | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br><b>1,929,771</b><br>1,335,352<br>278,070   | 133,827<br>   | :   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel   | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br><b>1,929,771</b><br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591   | 133,827<br>-<br>133,827<br>62,198   | 2   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power   | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br><b>1,929,771</b><br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144   | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911   | 2   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims   | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br><b>1,929,771</b><br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373   | 133,827<br>   | 2   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget)   | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br><b>1,929,771</b><br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373<br>24,888   | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577   | 2   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital)  | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br><b>1,929,771</b><br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373   | 133,827<br>   | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-  |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget)   | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br><b>1,929,771</b><br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373<br>24,888<br>544,218  | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577   | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-  |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses   | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br>1,929,771<br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373<br>24,888<br>544,218   | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263                         | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858                                     |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year  | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br>1,929,771<br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373<br>24,888<br>544,218<br>2,351,767  | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263<br>(9,000)              | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558  |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses   | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br>1,929,771<br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373<br>24,888<br>544,218<br>-<br>2,351,767<br>804,194<br>(9,000)   | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263                         | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858                                     |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194  | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263<br>(9,000)              | 2<br>2988<br>-<br>-<br>5588<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541               |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year  | 576,940<br>1,352,831<br>1,929,771<br>1,335,352<br>278,070<br>76,591<br>52,144<br>25,131<br>15,373<br>24,888<br>544,218<br>2,351,767<br>804,194<br>(9,000)<br>10,779,747  | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263<br>(9,000)<br>9,000     | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)                   |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year   | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 - 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941   | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263<br>(9,000)<br>9,000     | 2<br>2988<br>-<br>-<br>5588<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541               |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) , beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941 9,838 (623)   | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263 (9,000) 9,000                                    | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations   | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 - 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807)   | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263 (9,000) 9,000                                    | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) , beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941 9,838 (623)   | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263 (9,000) 9,000                                    | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations   | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 - 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807)   | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263 (9,000) 9,000                                    | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year  Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance  Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807) (4,592)   | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263 (9,000) 9,000                                    | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) , beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated surplus is comprised of: Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses)  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807) (4,592)   | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263  (9,000) 9,000                                   | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year  Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance  Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807) (4,592)   | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263 (9,000) 9,000                                    | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses)   | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941 9,838 (623) (13,807) (4,592)  11,574,941 (4,592) 11,570,349                                 | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263  (9,000) 9,000                                   | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated operating surplus Accumulated operating surplus Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated surplus is comprised of: Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated surplus Not on TTC financial statements Operating subsidy from the City (as above)  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807) (4,592)  11,574,941 (4,592) 11,570,349                                | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 - 499 577 - 9,000 61,216 150,263  (9,000) 9,000 133,827                       | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated surplus is comprised of: Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated surplus Not on TTC financial statements Operating subsidy from the City (as above) Operating subsidy - long term payale for accident claims  | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218  | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263<br>(9,000)<br>9,000<br> | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidies Total subsidies  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) , beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated surplus is comprised of: Accumulated operating surplus Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated surplus  Not on TTC financial statements Operating subsidy - long term payale for accident claims Operating subsidy - long term payale for employee City special cost   | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807) (4,592)  11,574,941 (4,592) 11,570,349                                | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 - 499 577 - 9,000 61,216 150,263  (9,000) 9,000 133,827                       | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidy revenue  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year  Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance  Accumulated surplus is comprised of: Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated surplus Not on TTC financial statements Operating subsidy - long term payale for accident claims Operating subsidy - long term payale for employee City special cost (Draw from or contribution) to the City's TTC stabilization fund | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218  | 133,827  133,827  62,198 13,862 2,911 499 577 9,000 61,216 150,263 (9,000) 9,000                                    | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |
| SUBSIDIES Operating subsidies Capital subsidies Total subsidies Total subsidies  EXPENSES Wages, salaries and benefits Materials, services and supplies Vehicle fuel Electric traction power Utilities Accident claims Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (operating budget) Amortization (assets funded through capital) Wheel-Trans contract services  Total expenses  Surplus (deficit) for the year Wheel-Trans Deficit Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of the year Surplus (deficit) for the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated operating surplus, end of the year Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) , beginning balance Unrealized hedge gains/(losses) in the current year Amounts reclassified to statement of operations Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses), ending balance Accumulated surplus is comprised of: Accumulated operating surplus Accumulated remeasurement gains/ (losses) Accumulated surplus  Not on TTC financial statements Operating subsidy - long term payale for accident claims Operating subsidy - long term payale for employee City special cost   | 576,940 1,352,831 1,929,771  1,335,352 278,070 76,591 52,144 25,131 15,373 24,888 544,218 2,351,767  804,194 (9,000) 10,779,747 795,194 11,574,941  9,838 (623) (13,807) (4,592)  11,574,941 (4,592) 11,570,349  576,940 11,827 (29,972) 5,136 | 133,827<br>133,827<br>62,198<br>13,862<br>2,911<br>499<br>577<br>9,000<br>61,216<br>150,263<br>(9,000)<br>9,000<br> | 2<br>298<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>558<br>-<br>-<br>858<br>541<br>(2,229)<br>541<br>(1,688) |  |

| TTC SICK BENEFIT ASSOCIATION<br>(SBA) | TOTAL BEFORE INTERCOMPANY<br>ELIMINATIONS | INTERCOMPANY ELIMINATIONS               | CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL<br>STATEMENTS |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
| 65                                    | 102,778                                   | <del>-</del>                            | 102,778                              |
| -                                     | 1,136,231                                 | -                                       | 1,136,231                            |
| -                                     | 81,802                                    | -                                       | 81,802                               |
| •                                     | 6,507                                     | (6,507)                                 |                                      |
| -                                     | 2,273                                     | -                                       | 2,273                                |
| •                                     | -<br>131,759                              | (131,759)                               | -                                    |
| 65                                    | 1,461,350                                 | (138,266)                               | 1,323,084                            |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
| 3,195                                 | 658,983                                   | <u>-</u>                                | 658,983                              |
|                                       | 53,905                                    | -                                       | 53,905                               |
| -                                     | 720,090                                   | -                                       | 720,090                              |
| •                                     | 276,455                                   | (131,759)                               | 144,696                              |
| -                                     | 7,144                                     | -                                       | 7,144                                |
| •                                     | 5,507                                     | (5,507)                                 | 4 502                                |
| (3,218)                               | 4,592                                     | <u>.</u>                                | 4,592                                |
| (3,216)                               | -<br>1,726,676                            | (137,266)                               | 1,589,410                            |
| 20                                    | (205 200)                                 | (4.000)                                 | (200, 200)                           |
| 88                                    | (265,326)                                 | (1,000)                                 | (266,326)                            |
| _                                     | 11,647,678                                | Ē.                                      | 11,647,678                           |
|                                       | 142,885                                   | -<br>-                                  | 142,885                              |
| •                                     | 44,512                                    | -<br>-                                  | 44,512                               |
| -                                     | 11,835,075                                | -                                       | 11,835,075                           |
|                                       | 4.000                                     | (4.000)                                 |                                      |
| <u>-</u>                              | 1,000                                     | (1,000)                                 | -                                    |
| 88                                    | 11,568,749                                | <del>-</del>                            | 11,568,749                           |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
| -                                     | 1,169,797                                 | -                                       | 1,169,797                            |
| •                                     | 28,380                                    | -                                       | 28,380                               |
| -                                     | 6,817                                     | -                                       | 6,817                                |
| -                                     | 21,962                                    | -                                       | 21,962                               |
|                                       | 8,242                                     | (409)                                   | 7,833                                |
| 173                                   | 1,235,198                                 | (409)                                   | 1,234,789                            |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
| -                                     | 710,767                                   | -                                       | 710,767                              |
| <u> </u>                              | 1,352,831                                 | -                                       | 1,352,831                            |
| <del>-</del>                          | 2,063,598                                 | -                                       | 2,063,598                            |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
| -                                     | 1,397,552                                 | (173)                                   | 1,397,379                            |
| 177                                   | 292,407                                   | (297)                                   | 292,110                              |
| •                                     | 79,502<br>52,144                          | <del>-</del><br>-                       | 79,502<br>52,144                     |
|                                       | 25,630                                    | -<br>-                                  | 25,630                               |
| -<br>-                                | 15,950                                    | 61                                      | 16,011                               |
|                                       | 25,446                                    | - · · - · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · | 25,446                               |
| -                                     | 553,218                                   | -                                       | 553,218                              |
|                                       | 61,216                                    | -                                       | 61,216                               |
| 177                                   | 2,503,065                                 | (409)                                   | 2,502,656                            |
| (4)                                   | 795,731                                   | -                                       | 795,731                              |
|                                       | -   | -                                       | -                                    |
| 92<br>                                | 10,777,610<br>795,731                     | -<br>-                                  | 10,777,610<br>795,731                |
|                                       | 795,731<br><b>11,573,341</b>              | -                                       | 795,731<br>11,573,341                |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
| •<br>•                                | 9,838<br>(623)                            | <u>-</u>                                | 9,838<br>(623)                       |
| ·                                     | (13,807)                                  | -                                       | (13,807)                             |
|                                       | (4,592)                                   | -                                       | (4,592)                              |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
| 88                                    | 11,573,341                                | <u>-</u>                                | 11,573,341                           |
| -                                     | (4,592)                                   | -<br>-                                  | (4,592)                              |
| 88                                    | 11,568,749                                | -                                       | 11,568,749                           |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |
|                                       | 710,767                                   |   |                                      |
|                                       | 11,937                                    |   |                                      |
|                                       | (31,394)                                  |   |                                      |
|                                       | 5,136                                     |   |                                      |
|                                       | 6,900                                     |   |                                      |
| -                                     | 12,609<br><b>715,955</b>                  |   |                                      |
|                                       | 113,300                                   |   |                                      |
|                                       |   |   |                                      |